

Gender and Technology: Women's experiences in an undergraduate nursing program

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Declaration of Originality

This work contains no material which has been accepted for the award of any other degree or diploma at any university or tertiary institution and, to the best of my knowledge and belief contains no material previously published or written by another person except where due reference is made in the text.

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Judith Manning

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Abstract

The purpose of this thesis is to determine how women felt about and learnt to use technological devices in an undergraduate nursing program. The way masculinity and femininity were understood and practised within families and the portrayal of conventional gender roles of women and men by the media are examined to determine social constructions which have influenced the women's perceptions of technology. Further, the study explored women's experiences when learning to acquire and apply knowledge of technological devices in order to identify factors which facilitated, influenced or inhibited that learning. In addition, women's perceptions of nursing, and the value of technological device use in nursing care were examined. The research focusses on the impact that each of these interrelated concepts have on women's learning.

Eight women from a cohort of graduating students from a South Australian School of Nursing, situated within a large multi-campus Faculty of Nursing were interviewed. Selection in the research was determined by a random sampling technique. A qualitative Feminist Interviewing Technique with Constant Comparative Analysis of the data was utilised to determine the women's perceptions.

The women's perceptions of technology were influenced by their views of femininity and masculinity and affected their learning to use technological devices in the home. However, the women's ability and confidence in using technological devices in an undergraduate program was facilitated by the safe and supportive environment created within the nursing skills laboratory. Discovery or experimental learning in small groups with teachers acting as facilitators enhanced student's feelings of confidence and learning. Insufficient time to practice in the laboratory hindered students' learning. All women were nervous when first incorporating technological device use into the clinical nursing area and focussed on the device rather than the client because as student nurses their prime concern is to ensure client safety. The women believed that the more often they used technological devices in client care the more confident they became. And the women believed they became more client than device focused. The women identified the essential element of nursing as the nurse and the ability to provide skilled nursing care that would holistically meet the needs of the clients. Nursing care was seen as providing both physical and emotional care to clients.

The contemporary issues which affect the way in which women perceive technology and learn to use technological devices were identified through using a feminist perspective. Strategies to facilitate women's learning were also determined and should be considered when planning curriculum and teaching strategies for undergraduate nursing programs.

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