# NATURAL HEAD POSITION: A PHOTOGRAPHIC METHOD AND AN EVALUATION OF CRANIAL REFERENCE PLANES IN CEPHALOMETRIC ANALYSIS

A thesis submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Clinical Dentistry (Orthodontics)

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### 1. Contents

### 1.1 Table of Contents

1. Contents	
1.1 Table Of Contents	2
1.2 Table Of Figures	
1.3 List Of Tables	
2. Acknowledgements	9
2. 0:	40
3. Signed Statement	10
4. Summary	11
5. Literature Review	12
5.1 Introduction	
5.2 Craniofacial Reference Planes	
5.3 The Variation Of Craniofacial Reference Planes	
5.4 Natural Head Position	
5.5 Methods Of Recording Natural Head Position	
5.6 Reproducibility Of Natural Head Position	
5.7 Conclusion	
	_
6. Aims	51
6.1 Hypothesis	
7. Materials And Methods	52
7.1 Subject Sample	52
7.2 Ethics Approval	
7.3 Informed Consent	55
7.4 Radiography	56
7.5 Photographic Setup	57
7.6 Photographic Protocol	60
7.7 Tracing The Lateral Head Radiograph	61
7.8 Transfer Of True Vertical Plane	65
7.9 Cephalometric Analysis	67
7.10 Reproducibility Of Natural Head Position	74
7.11 Method Error	74
8. Results	77
8.1 Power Test	
8.2 Method Error	
8.3 Sample Size, Age & Observation Times	

	1. Contents
8.4 Cephalometric Analysis	82 87
9. Discussion	89
9.1 The Sample	89
9.2 Method Error And Limitations	90
9.3 Variability Of Craniofacial Reference Planes	
9.4 Reproducibility Of Natural Head Position	109
9.5 Clinical Significance	112
9.6 Future Directions	116
10. Conclusions	118
11. Appendix	119
11.1 Consent Forms	119
11.2 Definitions	
11.3 Formulas And Calculations	

12. References.......133

# 1.2 Table of Figures

<b>Figure 1.</b> Resting horizontal planes 1. Blumenbach's Plane 2. Von Baer's Plane <sup>7</sup> 17
<b>Figure 2.</b> Planes using various cephalometric points. 1. Broca's Plane, 2. His' Plane, 3. Martin's Plane, 4. Huxley's Plane, 5. Hamy's Plane, 6. Schwalbe's Plane 7. Schmidt's Plane 7
<b>Figure 3.</b> Planes centering upon external auditory meatus. 1. Camper's plane, 2. Von Ihering's plane, 3. Pycraft's plane, 4. Montegue's plane, 5. Frankfort Horizontal, 6. Krogman's "Nasion parallel" <sup>7</sup>
<b>Figure 4.</b> Radiographic cephalometric planes. 1. Broadbent's Plane, 2. Margolis Plane, 3. Broadbent-Bolton Plane, 4. Björk Plane, 5. SN -7°21
Figure 5. PM Vertical plane used in the Enlow Analysis <sup>16</sup>
<b>Figure 6.</b> PM plane and Neutral Head Axis <sup>19</sup> 22
<b>Figure 7.</b> Krogman-Walker Plane <sup>20</sup> 23
<b>Figure 8.</b> Variation of Frankfort Horizontal in lateral head photographs <sup>3</sup> 25
<b>Figure 9.</b> Means and standard deviations of SN and FH to true horizontal <sup>4</sup> 25
<b>Figure 10.</b> Soft tissue stretching hypothesis relating morphologic, respiratory and postural changes <sup>61</sup>
<b>Figure 11.</b> Moorrees mesh analysis oriented on true horizontal and vertical <sup>67</sup> 33
<b>Figure 12.</b> Five factor summary analysis of Cooke & Wei <sup>68</sup>
<b>Figure 13.</b> Cranial base superimposition on true vertical and horizontal lines <sup>69</sup> 35
<b>Figure 14.</b> Natural head position registration during lateral head radiograph exposure. A. Mirror, B. Plumb line, C. Cassette <sup>72</sup> 37
Figure 15. Self balance position in the modified cephalostat prior to film exposure <sup>24</sup> 38
<b>Figure 16.</b> The Showfety fluid level, pivot hinge, and fluid level fixed to subject's temple <sup>78</sup> 39
<b>Figure 17.</b> The transfer of true horizontal (HOR) from photograph to radiograph $^{80}$ . 40
<b>Figure 18.</b> Two inclinometers for pitch and roll fixed to a pair of spectacles <sup>83</sup> 41
Figure 19. The craniofacial reference planes used to test the method error <sup>24</sup> 44

Note the effect of the subject having to tilt the head down	56
Figure 21. Plumb weight keeping the plumb line vertical	58
Figure 22. Fluid level used to calibrate camera lens to true horizontal	59
Figure 23. Floor plan of photographic rig	60
Figure 24. Processed image from the photographic recording of natural head position	62
Figure 25. Lateral head radiograph of dry skull with metallic markers placed on landmarks of interest	63
Figure 26. Manually moving the plumb line in a parallel fashion	65
Figure 27. Tracing superimposed on photograph using forehead and nose	66
Figure 28. Final cephalometric tracing with true vertical plumb line transferred	67
Figure 29. Cephalometric landmarks identified for plane construction	69
Figure 30. Cephalometric planes constructed to measure angular variables	71
Figure 31. Linear variables measured	73
Figure 32. Grid and constructed lines to validate use of software	75
Figure 33. Method error determination for transfer of VER plane	76
Figure 34. Box plot distribution of angular variable data (°)	83
Figure 35. Box plot distribution of linear variable data (mm)	83
Figure 36. NHP reproducibility. Difference in HOR/SN values between T2-T1 (°)	88
Figure 37. Distribution of data for NHP reproducibility	88
Figure 38. Cropped calibration ruler	92
<b>Figure 39.</b> E plane to VER angle to transfer true vertical from photograph to cephalometric tracing <sup>33</sup>	97
Figure 40. Nasal profile distortion and minimal forehead profile affecting VER transfer (N=2)	99
Figure 41. Comparison of NHP registrations for subject #7 (background T2)	111
Figure 42 Varied inclination of SN and position of N alter the ANR angle 99	112

1	C	റ	nt	e	nt	2

Figure 43. Variation of NHP illustrating 1 and 2 standard deviations......114

# 1.3 List of Tables

Table 1. L	Literature summary illustrating the variance of SN and FH to true vertical (VER)	26
Table 2. L	iterature summary of reproducibility of natural head position	48
Table 3. L	andmark verification metallic markers	63
Table 4. (	Cephalometric landmarks and abbreviations used	68
Table 5. (	Cephalometric planes and abbreviations used	70
Table 6.	Description of angular variables measured	72
Table 7. L	inear variables measured	72
Table 8. A	Accuracy and reliability of cephalometric software	78
Table 9. N	Method error: Results for double determinations for tracing, scanning, VEI transfer and digitisation process (N=20)	
Table 10.	Descriptive statistics of vertical plumbline transfer method error (N=20)	80
Table 11.	Age of subjects at T1 (years)	81
Table 12.	Age of subjects at T2 (years)	81
Table 13.	Time period between lateral head radiograph and T1 photograph (months)	81
Table 14.	Time period between lateral head radiograph and T2 photograph (months)	81
Table 15.	Time period between first and second lateral head photographs (months)	)81
Table 16.	Descriptive statistics for females (N=38) for all angular and linear variables at T1	84
Table 17.	Descriptive statistics for males (N=19) for all angular and linear variables at T1	
Table 18.	Summary of male and female descriptive statistics comparison	85
Table 19.	Descriptive statistics for pooled females and males (N=57) for all angular and linear variables at T1	
Table 20.	Pearson correlation coefficients for angular and linear variables (males	87

Table 21.	Reproducibility of natural head position as determined by double determinations at T1 and T2 (N=39)	. 88
Table 22.	Method error of studies employing transfer of VER	. 98
Table 23.	Comparative data for variables HOR/SN and HOR/FH (adapted VER/SN and VER/FH data)	
Table 24.	Comparative data between the present study and Barbera's work 94 1	103
Table 25.	Comparative data illustrating coefficients of variation	105
Table 26.	McCarthy & Lieberman's dry skull results for NHA/PM plane 191	108
Table 27.	Comparative data for reproducibility of NHP	110

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# 3. Signed Statement

This report contains no new material that has been accepted for the award of any other degree or diploma in any other university. To the best of my belief, it contains no material previously published except where due reference is made in the text.

I give consent for this copy of my thesis, when deposited in the University library, to be made available for loan and photocopying.

David P. Madsen 25<sup>th</sup> October, 2007

### 4. Summary

Commonly used craniofacial reference planes such as Frankfort Horizontal (FH) and sella nasion (SN) have shortcomings including their variable inter-individual orientation when related to true horizontal (HOR). Therefore, the aim of this study was to evaluate the potential usefulness of a range of craniofacial reference planes to HOR including those which have not been investigated before: Krogman-Walker line (KW line), neutral horizontal axis, foramen magnum line and posterior maxillary plane. A sample of 57 (38 female, 19 males) consecutive, pre-treatment orthodontic subjects aged 12 to 18 were photographically recorded in a standing mirror guided natural head position (NHP). Cephalograms taken at the same time were traced, oriented to a plumb line (true vertical) transferred from the photograph, and measured for statistical analysis. Thirty nine of these subjects were photographically recorded 2 months later to test the reproducibility of NHP.

The results showed that the variability of the 11 selected craniofacial reference planes related to HOR was generally high. The planes illustrating lowest variability to HOR were FH and KW line with standard deviations of 4.6° and 4.7°, respectively. These, however, showed about double the variation in NHP reproducibility (Dahlberg 2.1°). The KW line and palatal plane were also oriented closest to HOR on average. Therefore, KW line and palatal plane are potential substitutes for the commonly used reference planes in the absence of a reliable NHP. However, NHP still represents a more valid craniofacial reference system than the investigated reference planes.