

**Investigating chromosome pairing in bread
wheat using *ASYNAPSIS I***

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Appendix A

Figure 1 - *TaASY1* cDNA sequence.

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CGAGTCGGCCACGTCCCTGGAGAGTGGGGTGTCTGGGCAGAGGATCAGGAAGTCTCTGGCTGGCGAAGAG
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Figure 2 - *TaASY1* genomic DNA sequence. The gene sequence of *TaASY1*, with exon sequence highlighted in yellow, and intron sequence with no background.

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Figure 3 - *TaASY1* promoter sequence. The isolated promoter sequence of *TaASY1*, with the start codon (ATG) of the cDNA sequence shown in red.

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TGAATAGCAAACCGTATGGTAATAAAAACCGTCATCAATAAAAACAACTATGTGCGATGATGGGTCCATCAAGCAC
GATTCAGATTAGAGTTGCTTATGCGAATCGTGACTTACAATTAATCCATACAAATTGTTTACGATGAGACAAAAC
AACAGAAACAGTTGAGGGGGTGC CGGTGACCTGGCCATTTGAGGGCCGCTTGAGAGGCCCATCTAGGTCAAAA
AATCGTGACCGACAGTGACATGGCGGATCCGCCAGACGTATAAGGCGGGTTTGGAGAGATCCGCTTGTAGATGC
TCTAAGCGCAACAAGGTAGTTGTTGCAAAGGTCCTCAACTAGCTATGATGGTAGATCAGACTGCTATTGTTATAA
ATGTTTCTGCAACCCCGTTCTTGTGCAAGGAAGGTTACACACGTGGATGAGTAGATCGAATGGCCATTCTTGTG
CCCATCCAACGACAGTTACGTGGCGGATGTTTCTACTTATTCGCCGGCTGACGCGTAGCATGTCATACTCATC
TCTTTTTATTGTAATCGAACGACGGTGAATCCGGCGATGCTGTGAGATTCGACGCACGCTTTCTGATCGACGGA
TTTAAATTTTAAATTTATTTACTAGCAGATACTAGTATTGATAGTTTGAATGACTGGCTCGCGCATCCATGTCT
ACGATCCGCCACGGATGAAATGCCCTTAAATTC AATGCATAAAAAACATCGAAATTTAAAGCGCTCCACAATTC
AAACAGAGCGAGACTTTCCAGCTGTCACAAGTGAAGGGAACCCCTCCCGTGTCTTCTTGTCCACGCCTCGGG
GCTGGAGCCACTGCCCCGTCTCTACAAGTACCCCTCCCATACCAAACCCCTCACGTACCAGTACCACCCTCT
CTCCTCTCTCTCTCCCCTCCACCTTCCCACGCGCGCACACAACACACGCCACCACCAGGGCGGCAAAAATGGTG
AGTTCTCCCGCGCCCCCGCCCCCGCCCCCGCCCTCATCCCGTGGTTGCGCCGCCGCGGCCCTTCCCCTCATGCT
AACC GGCGCCCCGTGCTCTTCTCCGGTGG

Appendix B

Figure 1 – Schematic diagram of protein expression vector with *TaASY1* open reading frame.

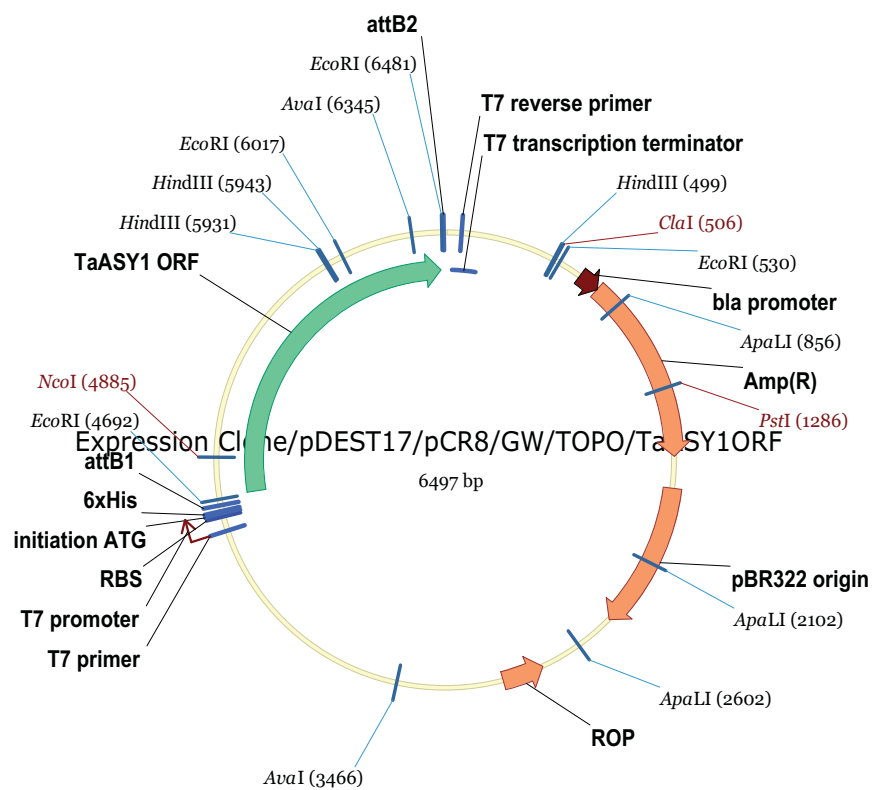


Figure 2 – Mass spectrometry report. The expressed recombinant protein displayed similarity to *OsPAIR2*, and therefore, it was identified as *TaASY1*.



**Hanson Institute
Protein Core Facility**

Mass Spectrometry Report

Jan 20, 2006

Sample: C:\MS Files\20-1-06\06-006-1.raw

Samples for identification by mass spectrometry were digested with trypsin under standardised conditions. The resulting peptides were reduced with TCEP and desalted through a C18 reverse phase silica column into the Q-ToF2 Mass Spectrometer, via a NanoSource.

The spectrometer was calibrated against the fragmentation pattern of [Glu]-Fibrino peptide B and found to be accurate to within 30 ppm.

Data was collected as intensity versus mass over charge (Th, Thompsons) and multiply charged ions (+2, +3, +4) were automatically detected and subjected to fragmentation.

The collected fragmentation data was analysed using ProteinLynx software and searched against a FASTA protein database.

Protein identification matches were assigned if 2 or more sequenced peptides were identified from a protein in the database.

Regards,

Hanson Institute Protein Core Facility
Division of Human Immunology Level 3
IMVS Building Frome Road, Adelaide,
SA, 5000

Protein Match Details

Sample: C:\MS Files\20-1-06\06-006-1.raw
Accession: 37999050
Name: 37999050
Description: essential protein for meiotic synapsis *Oryza sativa japonica cultiv*
Confidence: 100.0
Coverage: 7.377
Matches: 5
Score: 14.7098

37999050 Coverage Map

1	MVMAQRT EA	HTTQDSLLL	TRNLLRIAIY	NISYIGLFP	EKYFNDRKSVF
51	ALEMKIKKLM	FMDTESRRLI	DWMEKGVYDA	LQKKYLKTLI	FCICEKEEGP
101	MIEEYAFSFS	YPNTSGDEVA	MNLSRTGSEK	NSATFIS NAA	HTTQDS ES
151	ACKMIRTLVS	LM HTLQMPE	ERT ILMKLLY	YDDVTFEDYE	PPFFKCCADN
201	EAINIWNKNP	LKMEVGNVNS	KHLVLALKVK	SVLDPCDDNN	VNSEDDNMSL
251	DNESDQDNDF	SDTEVRFSEA	ERYIVAFNDG	TCKGQNGTIS	EDDTQDPVHE
301	EELTAQVREW	ICSRDTESE	VSDVLVNFDP	ISMEMVEDIM	ERLLKDGLLS
351	RAKKDSYSVN	KIADPTT PHI	KKEVIMQNVS	PTEGTKNSNG	DLMYMKALYH
401	ALPMDYVSVG	KLHGKLDGEA	SQNMVRK LIE	KMVQDGYVKN	SANRRIGKAV
451	IHSEVTNRKL	LEIKKILEVD	IAEQMAIDTN	AEPGEFERKD	HLSGHEMRDG
501	STMGCLQSVG	SDLTRTREL P	EPQQNVSMQ S	GQEASTVDKD	PSRTPTSVRE
551	QASVCSLESG	VLGQKVRKSL	AGAGGTQCSQ	DKRFRKASTV	KEPILQYVKA
601	QRSQVQVQVQ				

Figure 3 – Negative control for immuno-gold localisation of *TaASY1* by transmission electron microscopy. The negative control used in this assay was a goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody, which could not bind to the mouse anti-*TaASY1* antibody. The structure shown in the image is a synaptonemal complex at pachytene. Scale bar, 200 μm .

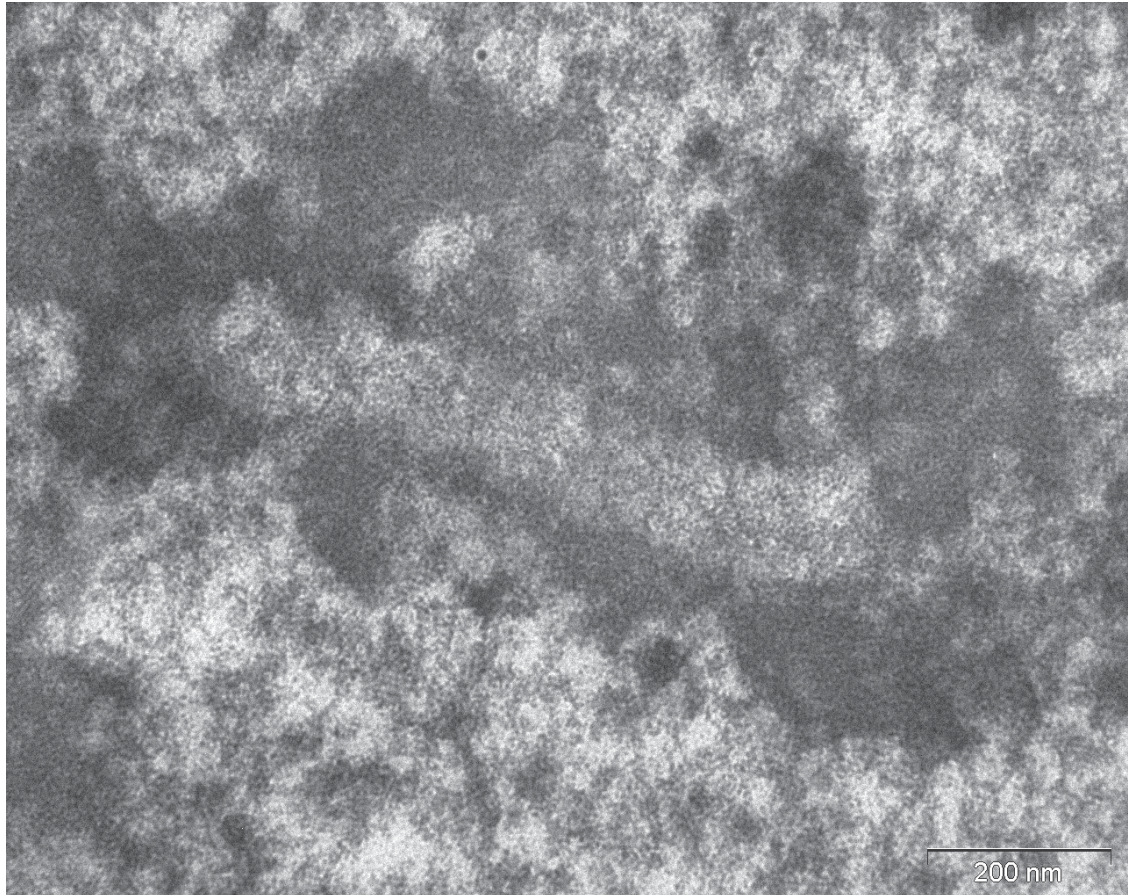
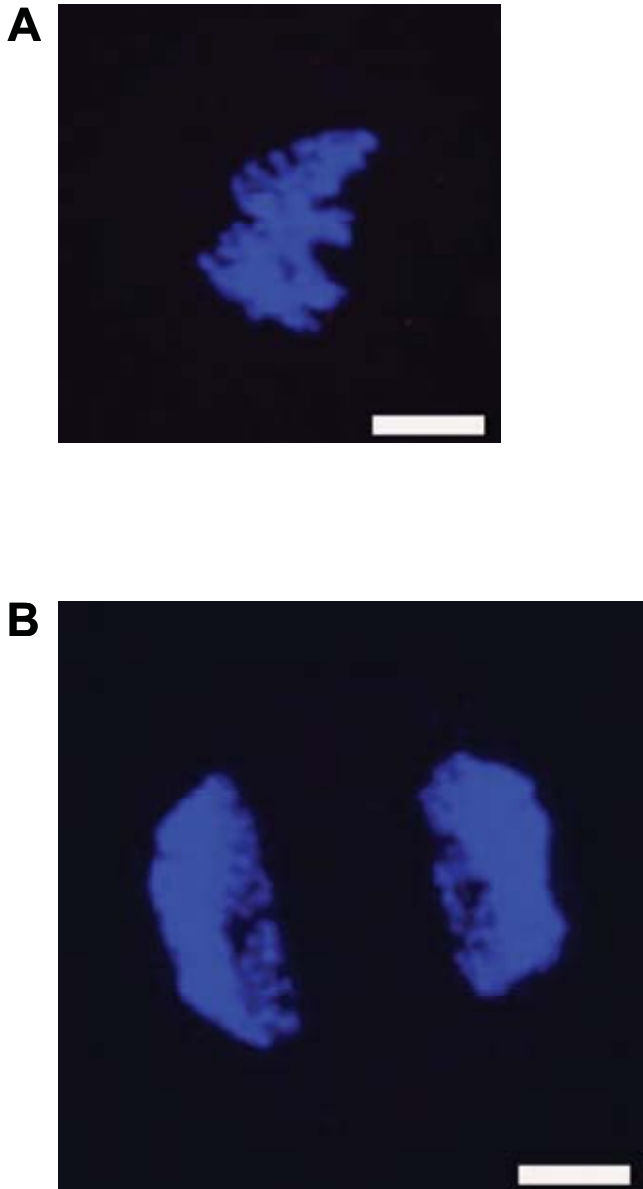


Figure 4 – Immuno-fluorescence analysis of (A) metaphase I and (B) late anaphase I cells using rabbit anti-*TaASY1* antibody. These results show that during the later stages of meiosis I, there is no longer any *TaASY1* protein. Scale bars, 10 μm .



Appendix C

Figure 1 – Schematic diagram of vector that was used to generate the *Taasy1* RNAi mutants. JAUA03 regions represent sense and anti-sense *TaASY1* sequence.

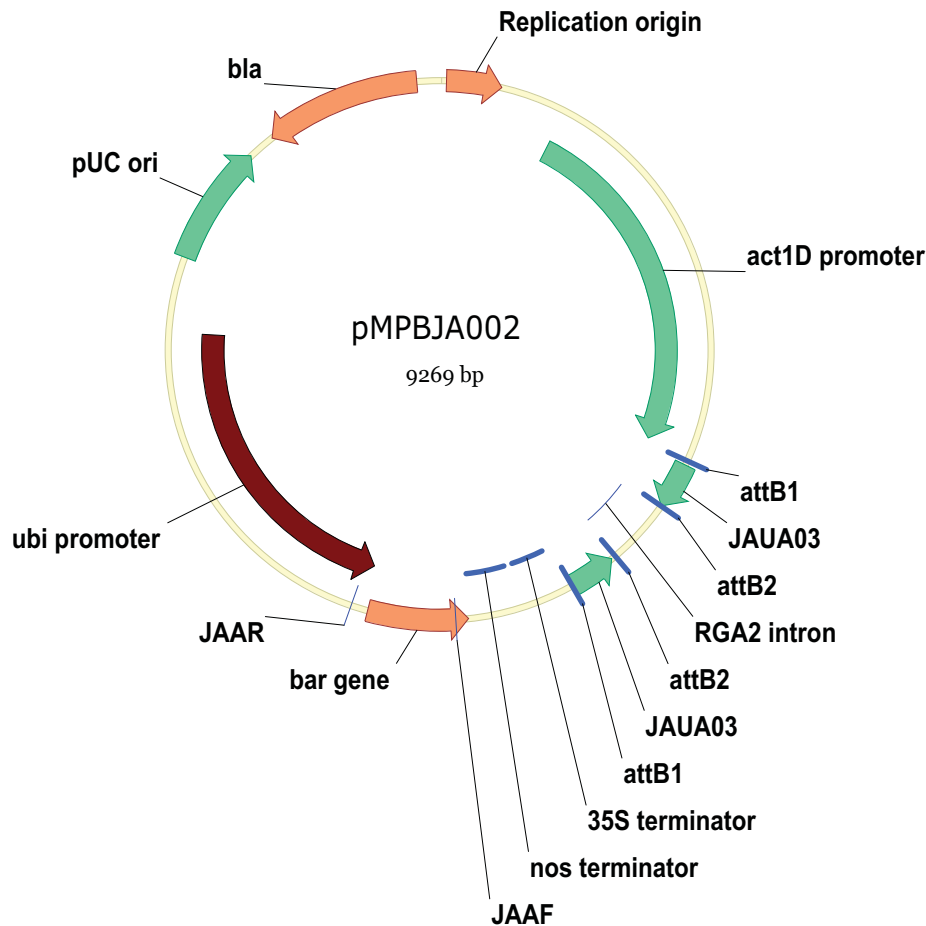


Figure 2 – Genotype analysis of T₁ generation *Taasy1* RNAi mutants. (A) Gel images of PCR analysis used to identify positive plants of lines (A) NW2804, (B) SB1984 and (C) SB1534. The fragment at 1749 bp represents the transgene fragment amplified in positive transgenic plants, while the band at 762 bp represents the endogenous *TaASY1* gene fragment conferring genomic DNA integrity. Lanes that contain both bands represent positive plants. In each sample, P = plasmid DNA control from Figure 1, W = Bob White MPB26 DNA control. The marker (M) used in (A), (B) and (C), was the Bioline Hyperladder I (Bioline, New South Wales, Australia).

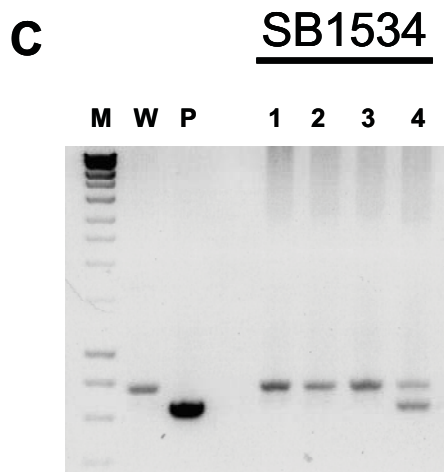
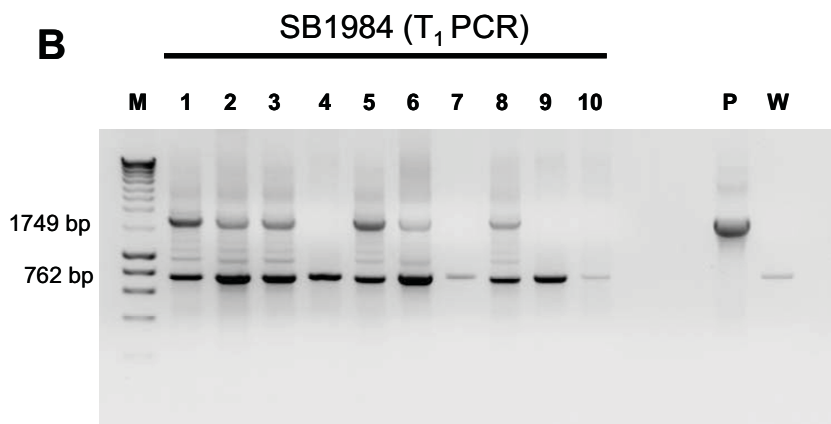
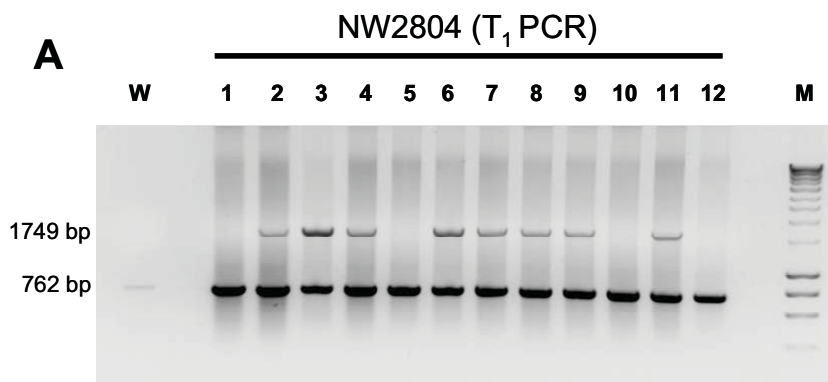


Figure 3 – Southern blot analysis of *Taasy1* RNAi mutants. DNA of positive plants from Figure 2 were used to identify the number of transgene insertions per line. (A) NW2804 contains 1 transgene copy, (B) SB1984 contains 6 or 7 copies, and the number of insertions for lines SB1753 and SB1534 (C) was not determined. In each blot, P = plasmid DNA control and W = Bob White MPB26 DNA control.

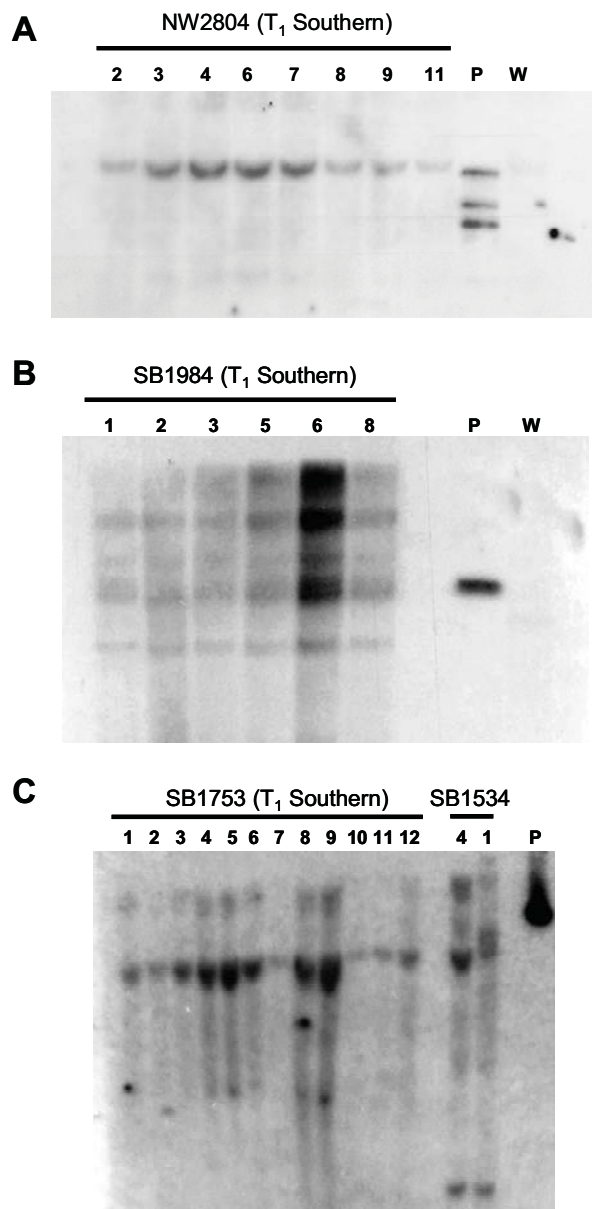
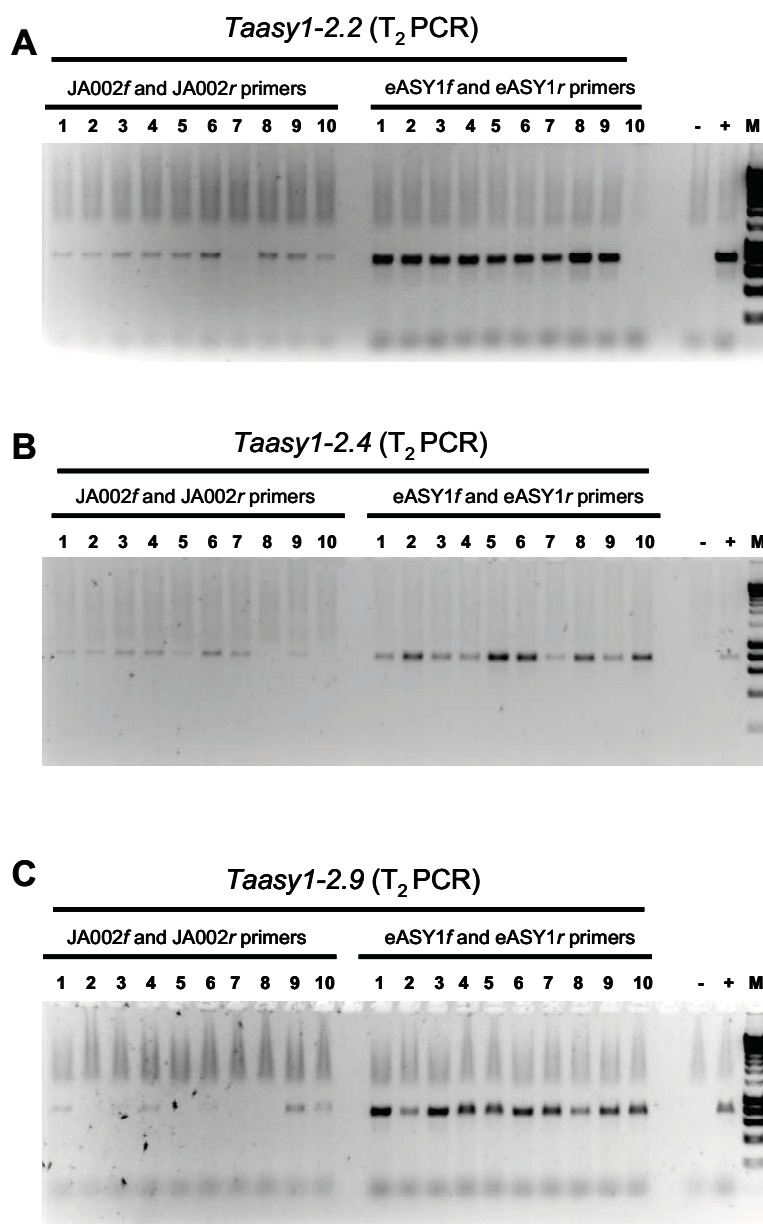
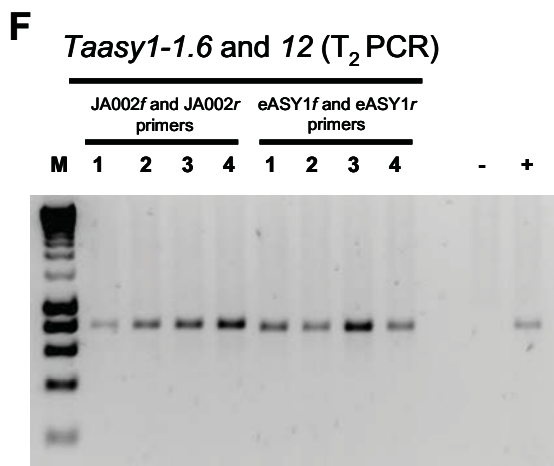
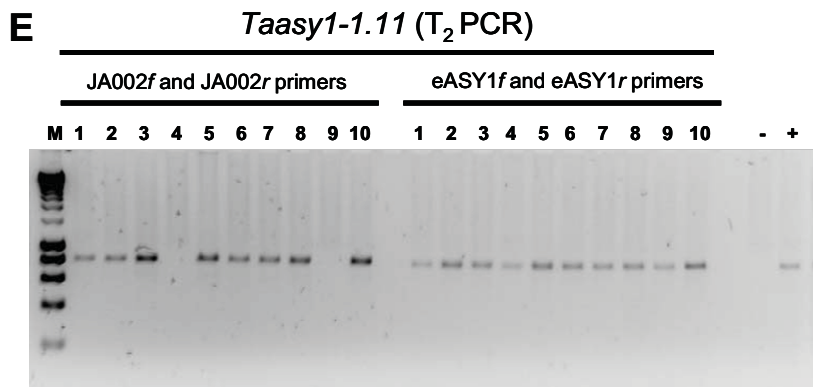
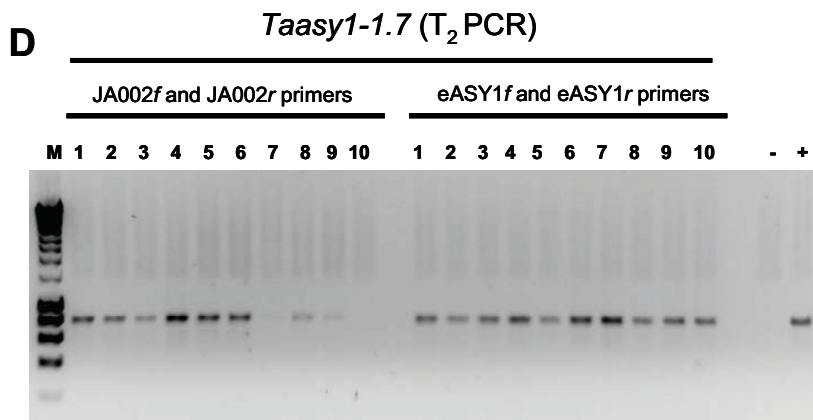


Figure 4 – PCR based genotype analysis of T₂ generation *Taasy1* mutants. T₂ PCR analysis was performed using primers JA002*f* and JA002*r* (788 bp product) to confirm presence of the transgene. Primers eASY1*f* and eASY1*r* (762 bp product) were used to confirm the genomic DNA integrity in these samples. (A) *Taasy1-2.2*; (B) *Taasy1-2.4*; (C) *Taasy1-2.9*; (D) *Taasy1-1.7*; (E) *Taasy1-1.11*; (F) *Taasy1-1.6* (lane 1) and *1.12* (lanes 2-4). (G) Lane 4 = *Taasy1-2.2.7* (from (A)), as a repeat reaction of lane 7 from (A). Other lanes in (G) equal repeat reactions of negative plants from (A)-(E). Negative control (-) = Bob White MPB26, positive control (+) = plasmid DNA from Figure 1. The marker (M) used was the Bioline Hyperladder I (Bioline).





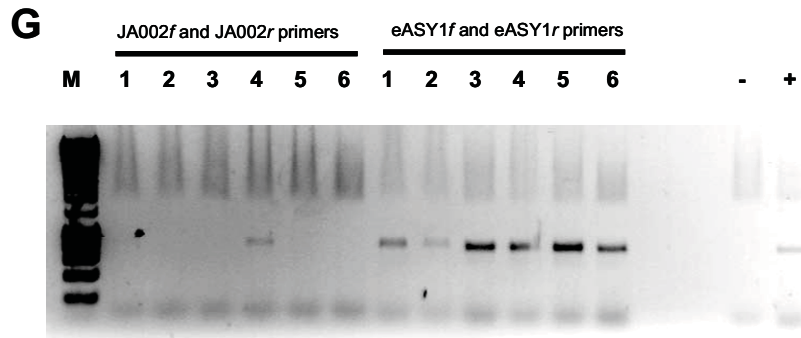


Table 1 – Summary of fertility analysis from T₁ generation *Taasy1* mutants. For each line, an average of the fertility for the positive plants is provided, which is also expressed as a percentage of average fertility of wild-type. There is also a total provided for the number of heads (n) that were analysed.

Line	Plant	Heads	Seeds	Seed/head	Individual	Average of positives	% of Wt	n (positive heads)
SB1525	1	1	42	42	99.34%			
SB1525	2	2	0	0	0.00%			
SB1525	3	2	0	0	0.00%			
SB1525	4	3	99	33	78.06%			
SB1525	5	3	95	31.6666667	74.90%			
SB1525	6	3	1	0.333333333	0.79%			
SB1525	7	3	75	25	59.13%			
SB1525	8	3	113	37.6666667	89.09%			
SB1525	9	2	31	15.5	36.66%			
SB1525	10	3	90	30	70.96%			
SB1525	11	3	104	34.6666667	82.00%			
SB1525	12	2	6	3	7.10%	18.35	43.40%	24
NW2804	1	4	134	33.5	79.24%			
NW2804	2	2	33	16.5	39.03%			
NW2804	3	3	74	24.6666667	58.34%			
NW2804	4	2	48	24	56.77%			
NW2804	5	3	66	22	52.04%			
NW2804	6	0	0	0	0.00%			
NW2804	7	1.5	25	16.6666667	39.42%			
NW2804	8	2	58	29	68.59%			
NW2804	9	2	69	34.5	81.60%			
NW2804	10	1.5	49	32.6666667	77.27%			
NW2804	11	3	98	32.6666667	77.27%			
NW2804	12	2	76	38	89.88%	22.25	52.63%	15.5

SB1687	1	3	120	40	94.61%			
SB1687	2	1	41	41	96.98%			
SB1687	3	2	76	38	89.88%			
SB1687	4	2	68	34	80.42%			
SB1687	5	2	56	28	66.23%			
SB1687	6	4	87	21.75	51.45%			
SB1687	7	3	116	38.6666667	91.46%			
SB1687	8	4	94	23.5	55.58%			
SB1687	9	2.5	91	36.4	86.10%			
SB1687	10	2	39	19.5	46.12%			
SB1687	11	2	64	32	75.69%			
SB1687	12	4	161	40.25	95.20%	26.28333333	62.17%	15
SB1984	1	5	239	47.8	113.06%			
SB1984	2	2	68	34	80.42%			
SB1984	3	3	90	30	70.96%			
SB1984	4	4	155	38.75	91.66%			
SB1984	5	2	50	25	59.13%			
SB1984	6	4	167	41.75	98.75%			
SB1984	7	4	179	44.75	105.85%			
SB1984	8	3	144	48	113.53%			
SB1984	9	3	132	44	104.07%			
SB1984	10	2	90	45	106.44%	37.75833333	89.31%	19
SB1534	4	5	59	11.8	27.91%	11.8	27.91%	5
WT	1	4	154	38.5		42.27777778		8
WT	2	3	120	40				
WT	3	3	145	48.33				

Appendix D

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