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Registered 1-12-23

Advertiser 1-12-23

The matter of the exchange of teachers was dealt with at the conference, and the continued interchange of teachers throughout the Empire was generally approved. It was agreed, however, that none should be accepted for exchange unless they had completed at least two years' training or the equivalent thereof.

Owing to the shortage of men teachers in South Australia the Government cabled to Mr. McCoy to engage 70 young men, with little or no previous experience, and he received 150 applications from qualified persons, and upwards of 3,000 enquiries from teachers of from 5 to 50 years' experience. Altogether 66 were selected, and they sailed in July and August last, and he understood that all were doing well.

The movement in many educational circles to grade or classify teachers throughout the Empire, and, if possible, in other parts of the world under a uniform system, was discussed at the conference. It was found that there were many difficulties created by the differences in color, religion, and race. Such a movement would therefore be generally quite impracticable. Moreover, the special conditions obtaining in India, South Africa, and again in the sparsely populated parts of Australia and Canada, render the proposal unworkable beyond the highest grades of teachers. No standards could possibly be set among the lower grades.

UNIVERSITY RETIREMENTS.

Long and Valued Service.

Three Important Resignations.

The resignations of Professor G. C. Henderson (Professor of History), Dr. A. A. Lendon (lecturer in obstetrics in the medical school), and Mr. C. R. Hodge (Registrar), were regretfully received and accepted by the Council of the University of Adelaide at a meeting on Friday.

The retirement of Professor Henderson and Mr. Hodge has been caused by ill health. The former recently suffered a complete breakdown. For his long and faithful service he has been created Professor of English emeritus. Arrangements are being made for the carrying on of his work next year, and his successor will be appointed so soon as possible. Mr. Hodge, the capable and well-known Registrar, has obeyed the commands of his medical adviser in submitting his resignation, which will take effect from the end of February next year, until which date

the Department of Public Instruction, New South Wales. His brilliancy was demonstrated by the manner in which his successive scholarships placed him in the front rank of competitors. A scholarship took him to the Sydney University, and he completed his course by a further scholarship; took the Bachelor of Arts degree; won the gold medal in philosophy; took the Fraser Scholarship in History, and the James King, of Irrawang, Travelling Scholarship. He then secured the Brackenbury Scholarship in history. This entitled him to go to Oxford, whither he proceeded in 1894, to Balliol College. Immediately after graduating as a Master of Arts, Professor Henderson became one of the most successful University Extension Lecturers throughout England. Under the Oxford University Extension Legacy he was raised to the position of first-class lecturer, after only one year's service. Professor Henderson then accepted the post of Acting Professor of History and Philosophy at the University of Sydney from 1899 to 1900. He returned to England in 1901, and was offered the post of staff lecturer under the Oxford Delegacy. An offer from Adelaide University of the Chair of History was, however, accepted in preference to the home appointment, and in 1902 he began his notable work here in that connection. Several years later he published the life of Sir George Grey for Dent & Co., of London, and, with consistent thoroughness, visited New Zealand and South Africa in order to examine the original manuscripts for that important biography. As a representative of the University for many years on the Board of Governors of the Public Library, Art Gallery, and Museum, he had long been Chairman of the library committee; and the new archives department, which is doing so much to rescue from oblivion details of the early history of the States, owes most of its success to his enthusiasm and watchfulness. When the Jury professorship was established, Professor Henderson was relieved of the branch of English literature, which Professor A. T. Strong undertook. He then devoted himself to his great study of history.

The resignation of Professor Henderson from the Public Library Board, to which he was re-elected last month, was received on Friday. In a letter to a friend in Adelaide Professor Henderson states that his health has improved, but that he thinks it better to remain quietly in his rural surroundings for a year or two.

Mr. Charles R. Hodge, Registrar of the Adelaide University, has been granted leave of absence till February next, when it is understood that, owing to ill-health, he will retire on a pension. He has been connected with the University since 1884 when he was appointed registrar's clerk under Mr. J. W. Tyas. He was afterwards promoted to the position of Deputy Registrar and on the retirement of Mr. Tyas in 1892 he succeeded him as Registrar. For over thirty years he has carried out his duties with the highest satisfaction to the University, and his retirement will be much regretted. At one time he actively associated himself with literary society work, and was a member of the executive committee of the Literary Societies Union. He won a prize for elocution at the competitions in 1885, and one for novelette five years later. He has been a prolific writer of short stories, and a novel, "Olive Temple," was published serially in "The Express," being afterwards issued in book form.



M. C. R. HODGE, who has been connected with the University for nearly 40 years.

he has been granted leave of absence. He has discharged the duties of Registrar for 32 years, and is on the eve of completing his 40th year's service with the University.

Mr. Charles Reynolds Hodge was born at Geelong, Victoria, in September, 1857. When about four years of age, he was brought to South Australia by his parents. After leaving school he was engaged for a number of years in commercial life. In August, 1884, he received the appointment of Registrar's clerk in the Adelaide University. During a severe illness of the Registrar (the late Mr. J. Walter Tyas), Mr. Hodge was appointed Acting-Registrar, and when the question of the appointment of a successor to Mr. Tyas was before the council, in February, 1892 Mr. Hodge's application was supported by the whole teaching staff of the University, and he was appointed to the position in that month, and has held it ever since. For a number of years he was active in literary society work, and was a member of the executive committee of the Literary Society's Union. He has a penchant for writing short stories. A few years ago he published a novel, entitled "That Codicil," which was well received. For many years he was a keen cricketer. He is married, and has a family of seven children.

PROFESSOR HENDERSON'S GREAT RECORD.

Professor George Cockburn Henderson, has been Professor of History in the University since June, 1902. He was born at Hamilton, New South Wales, on May 1, 1870, and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Henderson, formerly of Newcastle, England. For about seven years he gained tutorial experience under

THE UNIVERSITY OF ADELAIDE.

EXAMINATION RESULTS, NOVEMBER, 1902.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE. EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF MEDICINE AND BACHELOR OF SURGERY.

Fourth Examination (Final Year).
First-class.—Hosking, Herbert Champion, and Tostevin, Alfred Ladyman (equal).
Second-class.—Wicks, Frederick Ralph; Thomas, Frederick Lewis; Lewis, Aubrey Julian; John, Samuel; Cornish, Joseph Roskin; Geoffrey Hardman; Dowling, Donald; Cowling, Lionel Donaldson; Angus, William James; Welch, Arthur Walter.
Third-class.—Binns, Raymond Thomas.
Recommended for the Everard Prize and Dr. Charles Gaze Medals.—Hosking, Herbert Champion, and Tostevin, Alfred Ladyman.
Fifth Year (Final). (Old Regulations).
Third-class.—Quinn, Thomas Vincent; Robert John de Neufville.
Third Examination (Fifth Year).—New Regulations.
First-class (in order of merit).—Last, Raymond Jack; Piper, Cyril Thomas.
Second-class.—Johnston, Benjamin George; Mackay, Nell Horace, and Reed, Mary Ethel (equal); Hamilton, Ian Ayliffe; Wain, Neil Melrose; Lamphie, Allan Dunstan; Formby, Myrland; Hone, Garon Maxwell; Reid, Arthur Douglas; Tassie, Thomas Wilson; Swann, Eric John; Formby, John Edward.
Third-class.—Schneider, Michael; Rees, Ernest Mitchell; Pellet, Henry Edwin; Forgan, Sydney Bayly; Porter, John Ellison.
Not Classified.—Appley, Harold Henry; Christie, William; Deland, Charles Mervyn; Harrison, Ernest John Keith; Harris, John; Naylor, Robert Leslie; Schroeder, Arthur George; Stockbridge, Ronald Keith; Walker, William Deland.
Recommended for the Dr. Davies Thomas Prize.—Last, Raymond Jack.

Registered 3-12-23

UNIVERSITY OF ADELAIDE.

RESIGNATIONS AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

At the meeting of the University Council, held on Friday, Professor G. C. Henderson, who has been Professor of History since 1902, tendered his resignation in consequence of a severe breakdown in health. The council expressed its esteem for Professor Henderson, appreciation of his work, and accepted the resignation with great regret. As a mark of appreciation it was resolved to appoint Professor Henderson Emeritus Professor.

Dr. A. A. Lendon, who held a position of lecturer in the medical school for 33 years, wrote intimating that he was applying for re-appointment to the lectureship in obstetrics. As a mark of appreciation of the services of Dr. Lendon it was resolved to grant him the title of Lecturer in Obstetrics "honoris causa."

The question of the resignation of the Registrar (Mr. C. R. Hodge) was also before the council. Mr. Hodge's health has been very indifferent for a considerable time, and this step was taken on the strong advice of his medical attendant. Mr. Hodge is completing his fortieth year of service with the University. His resignation will take effect at the end of February next.

SCHOLARSHIPS AWARDED.

The council awarded the undermentioned scholarships:—

- Elder Scholarships, each tenable for three years.
For singing to Miss Mabel Agnes Siegel.
For violoncello, to Mr. Arthur Robertson.
For pianoforte, to Miss Hilda Maud Stone.

Music Scholarships.

The scholarships in connection with the public examinations in music, conducted by the Australian Music Examinations Board, were awarded, on the recommendation of the board of examiners, as follows:—

- For theory of music, tenable for the course of the Degree of Bachelor of Music, to Emily Elva Flower.
For practice of music, tenable for the Degree in Music, Hazel B. Bock and Thomas E. Wayland, who displayed quite exceptional merit, were bracketed equal, and it was resolved in these circumstances to award two scholarships.
Elocution Prize.

The Whinham prize for elocution was awarded to Miss R. L. Walshie and Mervyn S. Kennedy.

DR. LENDON.

Dr. Lendon was born in Kent (England) in 1856, and was educated at the Maidstone Grammar School, King's College School (London), and University College (London). He received his M.D. and M.R.C.S. degrees in England, and he arrived in South Australia in 1883. He is consulting surgeon and Vice-President of the Adelaide Children's Hospital, and President of the D.T.N.S. He has published several valuable medical works. Dr. Lendon is at present on a visit to the medical

ALCOHOL FOR INSULIN

Duty Makes Cost Heavy

DIABETES PATIENTS SUFFER

"The amount of absolute alcohol allowed the Adelaide University free of excise duty charge is 50 gallons a year," said Professor T. Brailsford Robertson (Professor of Physiology and Biochemistry) when discussing the duty on absolute alcohol.

"In the course of the manufacture of insulin, extending over a year," he said, "this supply was exhausted three or four months ago. Since then we have been compelled to pay £4 3/4 a gallon, including duty, to merchants for the alcohol, as against 11/ a gallon when it is free of duty."

Professor Robertson pointed out that they had been engaged for the past year in an attempt to cheapen the cost of insulin production. This was a serious matter, because insulin had to be administered throughout the life of a diabetes patient, and unless the cost were brought down to a price that could be paid by the average individual it would become a privilege of the wealthy only. In the course of the research it had been found possible to produce insulin cheaper than that at present in use. It was not their intention to continue the manufacture indefinitely, but only so long as they found they could discover fresh improvements in the method of making.

"In our endeavors to cheapen the cost of production," said Professor Robertson, "we have been handicapped by having to pay excise duty on alcohol consumed in the process. It increases the cost of alcohol eight times. The Commonwealth Serum Laboratory receives its alcohol free of duty. Notwithstanding, we have been able to issue insulin to sufferers in South Australia at a cost much below that charged by the Commonwealth Serum Laboratory. As we issue insulin strictly at the cost of production, it follows that the excise duty is paid by the sufferers of diabetes in this State. In the case of sufferers in public hospitals it is paid by the State. We think it is unfortunate that such a tax should be collected, especially as all our work is actually research."

It was stated by an official of the Excise Office of the Customs Department that an excise duty of 25/ was paid on 1.7 proof gallon absolute alcohol, which represented one gallon of liquid by measure. Absolute alcohol for scientific purposes, however, was free of duty. The proof spirit was 100 per cent, and the absolute alcohol was 172 per cent.

News

30-11-23

News 30-11-23

Advertiser 1-12-23

Psychology Aids Law
"Psychology and the Juvenile Delinquent" was the subject of a paper given this afternoon before members of the Women's Non-Party Association by Miss Winifred Berry, M.A.