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HIGHER TANNAKA DUALITY

by
James WALLBRIDGE

Date:
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Jury:
Lawrence BREEN, University of Paris 13
Denis-Charles CISINSKI, University Paul Sabatier
Varghese MATHAI, University of Adelaide
Carlos SIMPSON, University of Nice Sophia Antipolis
Joseph TAPIA, University Paul Sabatier
Bertrand TOËN, University of Montpellier II

Faculty: Engineering, Computer and Mathematical Sciences.
School: Mathematical Sciences.

Directors: Varghese MATHAI, Bertrand TOËN.
Reporters: Jacob LURIE, Carlos SIMPSON.

Abstract

In this thesis we prove a Tannaka duality theorem for $(\infty, 1)$ -categories. Classical Tannaka duality is a duality between certain groups and certain monoidal categories endowed with particular structure. Higher Tannaka duality refers to a duality between certain derived group stacks and certain monoidal $(\infty, 1)$ -categories endowed with particular structure. This higher duality theorem is defined over derived rings and subsumes the classical statement. We compare the higher Tannaka duality to the classical theory and pay particular attention to higher Tannaka duality over fields. In the later case this theory has a close relationship with the theory of schematic homotopy types of Toën. We also describe three applications of our theory: perfect complexes and that of both motives and its non-commutative analogue due to Kontsevich.

Résumé

Dans cette thèse, nous prouvons un théorème de dualité de Tannaka pour les $(\infty, 1)$ -catégories. La dualité classique de Tannaka est une dualité entre certains groupes et catégories monoïdales munies d'une structure particulière. La dualité de Tannaka supérieure renvoie, elle, à une dualité entre certains champs en groupes dérivés et certaines $(\infty, 1)$ -catégories monoïdales munies d'une structure particulière. Cette dualité supérieure est définie sur les anneaux dérivés et englobe la théorie de dualité classique.

D'un côté, la correspondance de la dualité supérieure décrit les catégories monoïdales symétriques supérieures. Nous présentons ici la théorie générale des (∞, n) -catégories \mathcal{O} -monoïdales qui contient les cas monoïdale et monoïdale symétrique. Les travaux de Toën et Vezzosi et ceux de Lurie présentent des notions correspondantes de $(\infty, 1)$ -catégories cofibrées, des objets \mathcal{O} -monoïdes et des objets \mathcal{O} -modules dans une ∞ -catégorie \mathcal{O} -monoïdale. Nous les étendons aux cas des (∞, n) -catégories et nous rappelons le prolongement naturel des catégories abéliennes (resp. des anneaux commutatifs) au domaine des $(\infty, 1)$ -catégories sous la forme des $(\infty, 1)$ -catégories stables (resp. des E_∞ -anneaux). On construit alors la $(\infty, 2)$ -catégorie large ambiante dans laquelle le théorème de Tannaka ici prouvé sera vérifié : il s'agit de l' $(\infty, 2)$ -catégorie des $(\infty, 1)$ -catégories monoïdales symétriques, R -linéaires, présentables et stables.

D'un autre côté, cette dualité décrit les champs en groupes dérivés, ou, plus généralement, les gerbes dérivées. Nous introduisons et étudions ces objets avec un intérêt particulier porté aux sites de R -algèbres, où R est un E_∞ -anneau, dotées de topologies positives, plates et finies. Ceci conduit à une discussion sur les t-structures d'une $(\infty, 1)$ -catégorie stable. Nous commençons alors l'étude du théorème de dualité en introduisant les $(\infty, 1)$ -catégories rigides, les R -algèbres de Hopf et le champ de foncteurs fibres. Le théorème de dualité est prouvé dans trois cas distincts, s'appliquant à des topologies différentes. Dans chacun de ces cas, la preuve repose sur une conjecture concernant les endomorphismes lax sur la $(\infty, 1)$ -catégorie des R -modules et des R -algèbres.

Nous comparons la dualité de Tannaka supérieure à la théorie de dualité de Tannaka classique et portons une attention particulière à la dualité de Tannaka sur les corps. Dans ce dernier cas, cette théorie a une relation étroite avec la théorie des types d'homotopie schématique de Toën. Nous décrivons également trois applications de la théorie : les complexes parfaits, les motifs et leur analogue non-commutatif dû à Kontsevich.

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... To my father.

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James Wallbridge
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Contents

1	Introduction	15
1.1	Notation	18
2	Higher category theory	21
2.1	(∞, n) -categories	21
2.2	From model categories to (∞, n) -categories	29
2.3	Adjoints, limits and colimits	34
3	Monoidal structures	41
3.1	Monoidal (∞, n) -categories	42
3.2	Modules and comodules	50
3.3	Stable ∞ -categories	55
3.4	Commutative ring spectra	59
3.5	t-structures	61
3.6	Linear and R -tensor ∞ -categories	64
4	Stacks, gerbes and topologies	71
4.1	Stacks	71
4.2	Gerbes	78
4.3	The positive, flat and finite topologies	80
5	Tannaka duality for ∞-categories	83
5.1	Rigid ∞ -categories	84
5.2	Hopf algebras	87
5.3	Neutralized Tannaka duality for ∞ -categories	90
5.4	Proof of the neutralized theorem	94
5.5	Neutral Tannaka duality for ∞ -categories	97
5.6	Comparison with the classical theory	99
5.7	Tannakian ∞ -categories over fields	100
6	Applications	103
6.1	Perfect complexes and schematization	103
6.2	Motives and non-commutative motives	104
7	Appendix	109
7.1	Enriched monoidal model categories	109
7.2	Adjunction data in an $(\infty, 2)$ -category	113
	Notation index	123