AN INVESTIGATION OF SELF-CONCEPT, TEST ANXIETY AND SUPPORT SERVICES AMONG STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT AND STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA

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Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS	1
LIST OF TABLES & FIGURES	. xiii
ABSTRACT	xvi
DECLARATION	xviii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	xix
1: SELF-CONCEPT, TEST ANXIETY AND SUPPORT SERVICES	
1.1 INTRODUCTION	1
1.2 BACKGROUND TO THE STUDY	4
1.2.1 HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE IN AUSTRALIA	4
1.2.2 THE SOUTH AUSTRALIAN CONTEXT OF THE STUDY	8
1.3 STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM	9
1.4 PURPOSE OF THE RESEARCH	11
1.5 AIMS OF THE RESEARCH	12
1.6 RESEARCH QUESTIONS	13
1.7 SIGNIFICANCE OF THE RESEARCH	15
1.8 LIMITATIONS AND DELIMITATIONS	18
1.9 DEFINITION OF TERMS	19
1.10 THESIS STRUCTURE	21
2: LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1 INTRODUCTION	24
2.2 WHY STUDY SELF-CONCEPT?	25
2.2.1 SELF-CONCEPT AND ADOLESCENCE	26
2.2.2 SELF-CONCEPT AND DISABILITY	29
2.2.3 SELF-CONCEPT AND VISION IMPAIRMENT	31
2.2.3.1 CHILDREN WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	32
2.2.3.2 ADOLESCENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	36

2.2.4 SELF-CONCEPT AND INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	42
2.2.4.1 CHILDREN WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	43
2.2.4.2 ADOLESCENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	45
2.2.4.3 ADULTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	46
2.2.5 IMPACT OF SCHOOL PLACEMENT ON SELF-CONCEPT	49
2.2.6 IMPACT OF STIGMA ON SELF-CONCEPT	. 52
2.3 WHY STUDY TEST ANXIETY?	54
2.3.1 PAST ACHIEVEMENTS AND PRESENT DEVELOPMENTS	55
2.3.2 PREVALENCE OF TEST ANXIETY	59
2.3.3 FACTORS CAUSING TEST ANXIETY	60
2.3.4 TEST ANXIETY AND STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES	62
2.3.5 TEST ANXIETY AND VISION IMPAIRMENT	63
2.3.6 TEST ANXIETY AND INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	65
2.4 WHY STUDY SUPPORT SERVICES?	67
2.4.1 SUPPORT SERVICES FOR STUDENTS WITH VISION	
IMPAIRMENT	68
2.4.2 SUPPORT SERVICES FOR STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL	
DISABILITY	69
2.4.3 NEED FOR RESEARCH ON SUPPORT SERVICES	70
2.5 CHAPTER SUMMARY	71
3: THEORETICAL BACKGROUND	
3.1 INTRODUCTION TO SELF-CONCEPT	72
3.2 THE STRUCTURE OF SELF-CONCEPT	74
3.3 SOCIAL COMPARISON THEORY	78
3.4 BIG FISH LITTLE POND THEORY	80
3.5 LABELLING THEORY	80
3.6 TEST ANXIETY	81
3.7 A COGNITIVE MODEL OF TEST ANXIETY	84

	3.8 CHAPTER SUMMARY	87
: ME	ETHODOLOGY AND RESEARCH METHODS	
	4.1 INTRODUCTION	88
	4.2 THE QUALITATIVE METHODOLOGY	88
	4.3 THE QUANTITATIVE METHODOLOGY	90
	4.4 RESEARCH PROCEDURES AND METHODS	91
	4.4.1 SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRES	91
	4.4.2 INTERVIEWS	92
	4.5 THE PILOT STUDY	92
	4.6 THE MAIN STUDY	94
	4.7 STAGE 1 SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRES	95
	4.7.1 TENNESSEE SELF-CONCEPT SCALE (TSCS: 2)	95
	4.7.2 TEST ANXIETY INVENTORY (TAI)	97
	4.7.3 ADMINISTRATION	98
	4.7.4 RESPONDENT RECRUITMENT	99
	4.7.5 THE PARTICIPANTS	101
	4.7.6 DATA ANALYSIS	103
	4.7.7 SCORING INSTRUCTIONS	104
	4.7.7.1 TENNESSEE SELF-CONCEPT SCALE: SECOND EDITION	104
	4.7.7.2 TEST ANXIETY INVENTORY	107
	4.8 STAGE 2 INTERVIEWS	108
	4.8.1 INTERVIEW DESIGN	109
	4.8.2 PARTICIPANT RECRUITMENT	110
	4.8.3 DEVELOPING RAPPORT	112
	4.8.4 VOICE RECORDINGS	113
	4.8.5 INTERVIEW NARRATIVES	
	4.8.6 INTERVIEW DATA ANALYSIS	114
	4 9 ETHICAL CONSIDER ATIONS	116

4.10 CHAPTER SUMMARY	117
5: ANALYSIS OF STAGE 1 DATA: TENNESSEE SELF-CONCEPT AND SPIELBERGER TEST ANXIETY QUESTIONNAIRES)
5.1 INTRODUCTION	118
5.2 PHYSICAL SELF-CONCEPT (PHY)	120
5.3 MORAL SELF-CONCEPT (MOR)	122
5.4 PERSONAL SELF-CONCEPT (PER)	124
5.5 FAMILY SELF-CONCEPT (FAM)	126
5.6 SOCIAL SELF-CONCEPT (SOC)	128
5.7 ACADEMIC/ WORK SELF-CONCEPT (ACA)	130
5.8 TOTAL SELF-CONCEPT (TOT)	132
5.9 TEST ANXIETY	134
5.10 WORRY	138
5.11 EMOTIONALITY	141
5.12 WELCH INDEPENDENT T-TESTS ANALYSIS	. 145
5.13 CHAPTER SUMMARY	149
6: ANALYSIS OF STAGE 2 INTERVIEW RESPONSES: SELF-CONCEPAND TEST ANXIETY	T
6.1 INTRODUCTION	151
6.2 PHYSICAL SELF-CONCEPT	153
6.2.1 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	154
6.2.2 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	. 156
6.2.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	. 157
6.2.4 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON VISION IMPAIRMENT	. 158
6.2.5 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	159
6.2.6 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	160
6.2.7 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	. 161
6.2.8 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	162

6.3 MC	DRAL SELF-CONCEPT	163
	6.3.1 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	165
	6.3.2 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	166
	6.3.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	167
	6.3.4 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON VISION IMPAIRMENT	168
	6.3.5 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	169
	6.3.6 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	170
	6.3.7 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	171
	6.3.8 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	171
6.4 PEI	RSONAL SELF-CONCEPT	172
	6.4.1 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	175
	6.4.2 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	176
	6.4.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	178
	6.4.4 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON VISION IMPAIRMENT	180
	6.4.5 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	181
	6.4.6 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	182
	6.4.7 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	183
	6.4.8 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	185
6.5 FA	MILY SELF-CONCEPT	186
	6.5.1 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	187
	6.5.2 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	189
	6.5.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	190
	6.5.4 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON VISION IMPAIRMENT	191
	6.5.5 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	192
	6.5.6 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	192
	6.5.7 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	193
	6.5.8 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	194
6.6.SO	CIAL SELF-CONCEPT	195

6.6.1 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	197
6.6.2 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	199
6.6.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	200
6.6.4 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON VISION IMPAIRMENT	202
6.6.5 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	202
6.6.6 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	203
6.6.7 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	205
6.6.8 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	206
6.7 ACADEMIC SELF-CONCEPT	206
6.7.1 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	209
6.7.2 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	210
6.7.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	211
6.7.4 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON VISION IMPAIRMENT	213
6.7.5 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	214
6.7.6 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	215
6.7.7 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	216
6.7.8 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	216
6.8 TEST ANXIETY	217
6.8.1 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	220
6.8.2 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	222
6.8.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	223
6.8.4 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON VISION IMPAIRMENT	225
6.8.5 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	225
6.8.6 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	227
6.8.7 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	228
6.8.8 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	229
6.9 CHAPTER SUMMARY	229

7: ANALYSIS OF STAGE 2 INTERVIEW RESPONSES: SUPPORT SERVICES

7.1INTRODUCTION
7.2 INFLUENCE OF THE SUPPORT SERVICES ON STUDENTS' PROBLEM
SOLVING SKILLS, FAMILY, SOCIAL AND ACADEMIC LIVES 231
7.2.1 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT
SERVICES
7.2.1.1 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE OF
SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS 234
7.2.1.2 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE OF
SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR FAMILY LIVES
7.2.1.3 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE OF
SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR SOCIAL LIVES
7.2.1.4 STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT
SERVICES ON THEIR INDEPENDENCE AND ABILITY TO STUDY AND
WORK BETTER 238
7.2.2 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE OF
7.2.2 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES
SUPPORT SERVICES
SUPPORT SERVICES
7.2.2.1 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR CHILDREN'S PROBLEM SOLVING
SUPPORT SERVICES
7.2.2.1 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR CHILDREN'S PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS
SUPPORT SERVICES
7.2.2.1 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR CHILDREN'S PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS
SUPPORT SERVICES

7.2.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE
OF SUPPORT SERVICES
7.2.3.1 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE
OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS' PROBLEM SOLVING
SKILLS
7.2.3.2 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE
OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS' FAMILY LIVES 244
7.2.3.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE
OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS' SOCIAL LIVES $\dots 245$
7.2.3.4 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT: INFLUENCE
OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS' INDEPENDENCE
AND ABILITY TO STUDY AND WORK BETTER 247
7.2.4 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON VISION IMPAIRMENT 248
7.2.5 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY: INFLUENCE OF
SUPPORT SERVICES
7.2.5.1 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY: INFLUENCE OF
SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS 249
7.2.5.2 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY: INFLUENCE OF
SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR FAMILY LIVES
7.2.5.3 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY: INFLUENCE OF
SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR SOCIAL LIVES
7.2.5.4 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY: INFLUENCE OF
SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR INDEPENDENCE AND ABILITY TO
STUDY AND WORK BETTER
7.2.6 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY:
INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES
7.2.6.1 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY:
INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR CHILDREN'S
PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS

7.2.6.2 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY:	
INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR CHILDREN'S	
FAMILY LIVES	254
7.2.6.3 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY:	
INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR CHILDREN'S	
SOCIAL LIVES	254
7.2.6.4 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY:	
INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR CHILDREN'S	
INDEPENDENCE AND ABILITY TO STUDY AND WORK BETT	ER 255
7.2.7 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY:	
INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES	256
7.2.7.1 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	·:
INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS'	
PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS	256
7.2.7.2 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	·:
INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS'	FAMILY
INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS' I	
	257
LIVES	257 ::
7.2.7.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	257 ::
7.2.7.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS'S	257 :: SOCIAL 258
7.2.7.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS'S LIVES	257 :: SOCIAL 258
7.2.7.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS'S LIVES	257 T: SOCIAL 258
7.2.7.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS'S LIVES	257 T: SOCIAL 258
T.2.7.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS'S LIVES	257 SOCIAL 258 SER259
T.2.7.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS'S LIVES	257 SOCIAL 258 SER259
LIVES	257 SOCIAL 258 S: EER259 260
LIVES 7.2.7.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS'S LIVES	257 SOCIAL 258 SER259 260
LIVES 7.2.7.3 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS'S LIVES 7.2.7.4 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY INFLUENCE OF SUPPORT SERVICES ON THEIR STUDENTS' INDEPENDENCE AND ABILITY TO STUDY AND WORK BETT 7.2.8 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY 7.3 INFLUENCE OF THE SUPPORT SERVICES ON STUDENTS' TEST ANXIETY	257 SOCIAL 258 S: EER259 260 261 263

	7.3.4 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON VISION IMPAIRMENT	266
	7.3.5 STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	266
	7.3.6 PARENTS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	267
	7.3.7 TEACHERS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	268
	7.3.8 OVERVIEW OF RESPONSES ON INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	269
	7.4 CHAPTER SUMMARY	270
8: DIS	CUSSION	
	8.1 INTRODUCTION	271
	8.2 SELF-CONCEPT OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	271
	8.2.1 PHYSICAL SELF-CONCEPT	271
	8.2.2 MORAL SELF-CONCEPT	273
	8.2.3 PERSONAL SELF-CONCEPT	274
	8.2.4 FAMILY SELF-CONCEPT	275
	8.2.5 SOCIAL SELF-CONCEPT	277
	8.2.6 ACADEMIC SELF-CONCEPT	279
	8.2.7 TOTAL SELF-CONCEPT	281
	8.3 TEST ANXIETY OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	284
	8.3.1 TEST ANXIETY	284
	8.4 INFLUENCE OF THE SUPPORT SERVICES ON STUDENTS WITH VISIO	ON
	IMPAIRMENT	285
	8.4.1 INFLUENCE OF THE SUPPORT SERVICES ON STUDENTS' PROBLE	ΞM
	SOLVING SKILLS, FAMILY, SOCIAL AND ACADEMIC LIVES	286
	8.4.2 INFLUENCE OF THE SUPPORT SERVICES ON STUDENTS' TEST	
	ANXIETY	288
	8.5 SELF-CONCEPT OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	290
	8.5.1 PHYSICAL SELF-CONCEPT	290
	8.5.2 MORAL SELF-CONCEPT	291
	8 5 3 PERSONAL SELF-CONCEPT	292

8.5.4 FAMILY SELF-CONCEPT	. 294
8.5.5 SOCIAL SELF-CONCEPT	295
8.5.6 ACADEMIC SELF-CONCEPT	. 297
8.5.7 TOTAL SELF-CONCEPT	. 299
8.6 TEST ANXIETY OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	301
8.6.1 TEST ANXIETY	. 301
8.7 INFLUENCE OF THE SUPPORT SERVICES ON STUDENTS WITH	
INTELLECTUAL DISABILITY	303
8.7.1 INFLUENCE OF THE SUPPORT SERVICES ON STUDENTS' PROBL	EM
SOLVING SKILLS, FAMILY, SOCIAL AND ACADEMIC LIVES	303
8.7.2 INFLUENCE OF THE SUPPORT SERVICES ON STUDENTS' TEST	
ANXIETY	305
8.8 CHAPTER SUMMARY	307
9: CONCLUSION	
9.1 STRUCTURE OF THE STUDY	308
9.2 FINDINGS	311
9.3 IMPLICATIONS FOR POLICY AND PRACTICE	322
9.4 IMPLICATIONS FOR FUTURE RESEARCH	325
9.5 CONCLUDING COMMENT	326
APPENDICES	
APPENDIX A: TENNESSEE SELF-CONCEPT SCALE (TSCS: 2)	327
APPENDIX B: TEST ANXIETY INVENTORY	341
APPENDIX C: LETTER TO THE PRINCIPAL	345
APPENDIX D: INFORMATION SHEET	346
APPENDIX E: EASY INFORMATION SHEET	348
APPENDIX F: STUDENT CONSENT FORM	349
APPENDIX G. PARENT CONSENT FORM	351

	APPENDIX H: TEACHER CONSENT FORM	354
	APPENDIX I: EASY STUDENT CONSENT FORM	356
	APPENDIX J: DETAILS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT WHO)
	COMPLETED QUESTIONNAIRE SCHEDULE	358
	APPENDIX K: DETAILS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILI	TY
	WHO COMPLETED QUESTIONNAIRE SCHEDULE	360
	APPENDIX L: SCORING WORKSHEET	361
	APPENDIX M: PROFILE SHEET	364
	APPENDIX N: CONVERSION FROM RAW TO NORMALIZED T-SCORES F	FOR
	WORRY, EMOTIONALITY AND TOTAL TEST ANXIETY	365
	APPENDIX O: INTERVIEW QUESTIONS FOR THE THREE GROUPS OF	
	PARTICIPANTS IN EACH OF THE DISABILITY AREAS	369
	APPENDIX P: DETAILS OF STUDENTS WITH VISION IMPAIRMENT	
	INTERVIEW SCHEDULE	373
	APPENDIX Q: DETAILS OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL DISABILI	TY
	INTERVIEW SCHEDULE	374
	APPENDIX R: DETAILS OF TEACHERS' INTERVIEW SCHEDULE	375
	APPENDIX S: DETAILS OF PARENTS' INTERVIEW SCHEDULE	376
	APPENDIX T: UNIVERSITY OF ADELAIDE ETHICS CLEARANCE	377
	APPENDIX U: DEPARTMENT FOR EDUCATION AND CHILD DEVELOPM	IENT
	(DECD) ETHICS CLEARANCE	379
	APPENDIX V: MANDATORY NOTIFICATIONS TRAINING CERTIFICATE	380
	APPENDIX W: POLICE CLEARANCE CERTIFICATE	381
	APPENDIX X: VALIDITY SCORES	382
	APPENDIX Y: STAGE 2 INTERVIEWS: SIX EXAMPLES OF INTERVIEW	
	TRANSCRIPTS	391
BIBLI	OGRAPHY	404

List of Tables & Figures

Т	็ล	b	1	6	ς
1	а	U	1	v	0

Table 4.1 Students according to gender	102
Table 4.2 Overview of students with vision impairment for Stage 1 responses (Questionnaire data)	103
Table 4.3 Overview of students with intellectual disability for Stage 1 responses (Questionnaire data)	104
Table 4.4 The range and numbers of participants who agreed to be interviewed	112
Table 5.1 Overview of T- scores for Physical self-concept	121
Table 5.2 Overview of T- scores for Moral self-concept	123
Table 5.3 Overview of T- scores for Personal self-concept	125
Table 5.4 Overview of T- scores for Family self-concept	127
Table 5.5 Overview of T- scores for Social self-concept	129
Table 5.6 Overview of T- scores for Academic self-concept	131
Table 5.7 Overview of T- scores for Total self-concept	133
Table 5.8 Overview of Adolescents' T- scores for Total Test Anxiety	136
Table 5.9 Overview of Adults' T- scores for Total Test Anxiety	137
Table 5.10 Overview of Adolescents' T- scores for Worry Subscale	139
Table 5.11 Overview of Adults' T- scores for Worry Subscale	140
Table 5.12 Overview of Adolescents' T- scores for Emotionality Subscale	143
Table 5.13 Overview of Adults' T- scores for Emotionality Subscale	144
Table 5.14 Overview of Mean (M), Standard Deviation (SD), t-value and p-vaself-concept across its seven dimensions for students with vision impairment respect to gender	
Table 5.15 Overview of Mean (M), Standard Deviation (SD), t-value and p-value anxiety across its three components for students with vision impairment with respender	

Table 5.16 Overview of Mean (M), Standard Deviation (SD), t-value and p-value of self-concept across its seven dimensions for students with intellectual disability with respect to gender
Table 5.17 Overview of Mean (M), Standard Deviation (SD), t-value and p-value of test anxiety across its three components for students with intellectual disability with respect to gender
Table 6.1: Overview of major response patterns from the interviews on Physical self-concept
Table 6.2: Overview of major response patterns from the interviews on Moral self-concept
Table 6.3: Overview of major response patterns from the interviews on Personal self-concept
Table 6.4: Overview of major response patterns from the interviews on Family self-concept
Table 6.5: Overview of major response patterns from the interviews on Social self-concept
Table 6.6: Overview of major response patterns from the interviews on Academic self-concept
Table 6.7: Overview of major response patterns from the interviews on test anxiety219
Table 7.1: Overview of major response patterns from the interviews on support services and students' problem solving skills, family, social and academic lives
Table 7.2: Overview of major response patterns from the interviews on support services and students' test anxiety
Table 9.1: Frequency of T-scores across self-concept dimensions for female and male students with vision impairment (N=25)
Table 9.2: Frequency of T-scores across self-concept dimensions for female and male students with intellectual disability (N=20)
Table 9.3: Frequency of T-scores across test anxiety components for female and male students with vision impairment (N=25)
Table 9.4: Frequency of T-scores across test anxiety components for female and male students with intellectual disability (N=20)

Figures

Figure 1.1 ABS Survey of Disability (Ageing and Carers, 2009 cited in ABS, 2011)	. 2
Figure 3.1 Self-Concept: Its Multifaceted, Hierarchical Structure (Adapted from Marsh & Shavelson, 1985, p. 114)	76
Figure 3.2 The model of test anxiety (Adapted from Spielberger & Vagg, 1995;	
Cizek & Burg, 2006)	85

Abstract

There is an absence of research in Australia on self-concept and test anxiety in students with disabilities although testing is taken for granted among students without disabilities. This study investigated the self-concept and test anxiety of the students in each of two disability groups, those with vision impairment and those with intellectual disability who were placed in specialist and mainstream educational settings in South Australia. The qualitative study aimed to gain insights into what students with vision impairment and those with intellectual disability felt about themselves and their achievements across the different dimensions of self-concept and to understand the nature and extent of their anxiety in test situations. In addition, it sought to examine how far the support services provided in schools proved helpful to students with vision impairment and those with intellectual disability.

This research was divided into two stages of execution. In Stage 1, the 'Tennessee Self-Concept Scale: Second Edition' and the 'Test Anxiety Inventory' were administered to 25 students with vision impairment and 20 students with intellectual disability. In Stage 2, interviews were conducted with 14 students with vision impairment and nine students with intellectual disability, as well as a total of ten parents and eight teachers. These data reflected a range of viewpoints from which to examine the research questions.

Although the majority of the students with vision impairment and those with intellectual disability obtained low scores on all dimensions of self-concept- physical, moral, personal, family, social and academic, some students in both categories obtained normal scores in relation to family and academic self-concepts. Among both groups of students, most had high scores in worry, emotionality and total test anxiety. However, students with vision impairment had slightly higher physically fearful symptoms (emotionality)

in comparison to cognitive fears (worry) in a testing situation, while exactly the reverse was found for students with intellectual disability. Some of the factors responsible for the low self-concept scores were identified through the interviews. Similarly, those interviewed explained the sorts of specific factors which explained the respondents' high test anxiety. The interviews were particularly useful in evaluating the support services that students with vision impairment and those with intellectual disability received. Although there was agreement that the support services had a positive influence on problem solving skills, social behaviour and academic learning of students with vision impairment, there were conflicting views about their effect on family life. Moreover, for students with intellectual disability, students and parents were more negative in their evaluation of support services, although teachers tended to be more positive. In relation to test anxiety, support services were seen as a positive influence for students with vision impairment, but appeared to help students with intellectual disability to a much smaller extent. These findings have implications for teachers, special educators, policy makers and a range of professionals in the education and special education sector in enabling greater understanding of the problems experienced by these students and pointing to modifications and improvements in the support services for these students.

Key words: Self-concept, Test anxiety, Support services, Students with vision impairment, Students with intellectual disability

Declaration

Name:

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