

Large-Scale-Structure in the Pierre Auger Observatory Data Directions

"The Long Dark Teatime of the Soul¹**"**



J. Sorokin B.Sc. (Honours), Physics

A thesis presented to the University of Adelaide for admission to the degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

School of Physical Sciences

Department of Physics

April 2016

¹with thanks for the kind permission of Jane Belson

I wish to thank

my supervisor, Professor Roger Clay for hanging in there

Dr Jonathan Woithe for his kind and obliging help with my various idl problems

Dr Benjamin Whelan for his thoughtful edits

my friend Ramona Adjoran for fixing my hardware problems

Dr Millie Vukovic and Dr Elizabeth Heath for their support

and

my legion of fans

My wonderful mother Yolande

my unexpected husband Michael and my singular brother Adam

fabulous Millie Butler and interesting Cyrus Masters

Thankyou, thankyou,

I love you all

Abstract

This thesis presents a method of analysis of Pierre Auger Observatory Cosmic Ray (CR) directions. I look for evidence of large-scale-structure within these CR directions. I have associated directional events by virtue of the angular proximity of their arrival directions, and within three energy ranges around the Greisen-Zatsepin-Kusmin (GZK) energy limit. I design graph theoretical algorithms to grow minimum spanning trees for these directional events and then 'cut' the trees along certain galactic longitudes and latitudes into 'branches', where I expect the galactic magnetic fields or cosmic ray point-sources to exhibit behaviours or patterns, which can be interpreted by branch features. 1,200 simulated CR directions in each energy range provide some statistical context for the Pierre Auger Observatory branch features which may be considered significant. The thesis is a preliminary study of a method of analysis of 'regions of interest' which later may be optimized with a full statistical 'tuning' analysis.

Statement of Originality

I certify that this work contains no material which has been accepted for the award of any other degree or diploma in any university or other tertiary institution and, to the best of my knowledge and belief, contains no material previously published or written by another person, except where due reference has been made in the text. In addition, I certify that no part of this work will, in the future, be used in a submission for any other degree or diploma in any university or other tertiary institution without the prior approval of the University of Adelaide and where applicable, any partner institution responsible for the joint-award of this degree. I give consent to this copy of my thesis, when deposited in the University Library, being made available for loan and photocopying, subject to the provisions of the Copyright Act 1968. I also give permission for the digital version of my thesis to be made available on the web, via the Universitys digital research repository, the Library catalogue and also through web search engines, unless permission has been granted by the University to restrict access for a period of time.

Contents

1	An	n Introduction		1
	1.1	1 Background		3
2	EAS	AS and Two Key Descriptors of Cosmic Rays		7
	2.1	1 Extensive Air Showers		8
		2.1.1 EM Cascades		11
		2.1.2 Proton Cascade		13
		2.1.3 Mixed Composition		16
	2.2	2 Composition		17
		2.2.1 Before the Knee ~ $(10^6 - 10^{14}) \text{ eV}$		18
		2.2.2 Knee to Ankle ~ $(2 \times 10^{15} - 10^{18})$ eV		20
		2.2.3 From the Ankle and Beyond ~ $(10^{18} - 10^{21})$	eV	26
		2.2.4 GZK Astrophysical Models		29
	2.3	3 Energy Spectrum		35
	2.4	4 EAS Measurements		39
	2.5	5 Pierre Auger Observatory Design		41
		2.5.1 Conditions		44
		2.5.2 Some SD Details		46
		2.5.3 Some FD Details		48
		2.5.4 Some Hybrid Event Details		51
	2.6	6 Pierre Auger Observatory Enhancements:		52

		2.6.1	AMIGA	52
		2.6.2	НЕАТ	52
		2.6.3	AERA	53
		2.6.4	Pierre Auger Observatory Prime Upgrade	53
	2.7	The Pi	erre Auger Observatory Prescription:	53
		2.7.1	Shuffled Data Sets	55
3	Gala	actic Ma	agnetic Field Models	56
	3.1	Lorent	z Force	58
	3.2	Magne	etic Field Measuring Techniques	60
	3.3	Galact	ic Anisotropies and the Need for a Halo	61
	3.4	Extra-	Galactic Sources	63
		3.4.1	Generic Galactic Magnetic Field Models	68
		3.4.2	Galaxy Volume	71
		3.4.3	Generalized GMF Model of Jannson and Farrar	77
4	Anis	otropie	s for $\mathbf{E} \ge 10^{17} \ \mathbf{eV}$	87
	4.1	Signal	Data Sets	87
	4.2	Optim	izations and Signal Data Sets	88
	4.3	Anisot	ropy Results for $E \ge 10^{17} \text{ eV}$	89
		4.3.1	Familiar Methods	90
		4.3.2	Catalogue Searches	93
		4.3.3	Energy-Energy-Ordering	97
		4.3.4	Self Correlation Methods	109
	4.4	Predic	ted Anisotropies Around 10^{18} eV	111
		4.4.1	Galactic/Extra-Galactic Energy Constraints	113
	4.5	Discus	sion	117
5	Mir	imum S	Spanning Tree Theory	118
	51	Introdu	uction	118

5.2	Theory o	f Graphs	120
	5.2.1 T	Frees	122
5.3	Recursion	n	125
5.4	Analysis	of Algorithms	126
	5.4.1 P	Proof of Correctness	127
	5.4.2 0	Order of Growth	127
5.5	Minimun	n Spanning Trees	131
5.6	Two Clas	ssic Algorithms	135
	5.6.1 P	Prim's Algorithm	135
	5.6.2 K	Kruskal's Algorithm	138
5.7	A Fast M	linimum Spanning Tree	140
	5.7.1 C	Construction	142
	5.7.2 0	Our Multifragment MST: The Yggdrasil	143
Met	hod of An	alvsis	148
6 1		Density Contours	140
0.1	Gaussian		148
	<u> </u>		1 40
()	6.1.1 C	Clusters and Sub-Trees	149
6.2	6.1.1 C	Clusters and Sub-Trees	149 154
6.2	6.1.1 CDivisions6.2.1 E	Clusters and Sub-Trees	149 154 155
6.2	 6.1.1 C Divisions 6.2.1 E 6.2.2 E 	Clusters and Sub-Trees	149 154 155 160
6.2	 6.1.1 C Divisions 6.2.1 E 6.2.2 E Shuffled 	Clusters and Sub-Trees	 149 154 155 160 161
6.26.36.4	 6.1.1 C Divisions 6.2.1 E 6.2.2 E Shuffled Revision 	Clusters and Sub-Trees	 149 154 155 160 161 164
6.26.36.46.5	 6.1.1 C Divisions 6.2.1 E 6.2.2 E Shuffled Revision Generation 	Clusters and Sub-Trees	 149 154 155 160 161 164 166
6.26.36.46.5	6.1.1CDivisions6.2.1E6.2.2ShuffledRevisionGeneration6.5.1E	Clusters and Sub-Trees	 149 154 155 160 161 164 166 168
 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 Tab 	6.1.1 C Divisions 6.2.1 E 6.2.2 E Shuffled Revision Generatio 6.5.1 E	Clusters and Sub-Trees	 149 154 155 160 161 164 166 168 179
 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 Tabe 7.1 	6.1.1 C Divisions 6.2.1 E 6.2.2 E Shuffled Revision Generatio 6.5.1 E ulated Res The Setti	Clusters and Sub-Trees	149 154 155 160 161 164 166 168 179 182
 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 Tabe 7.1 7.2 	6.1.1 C Divisions 6.2.1 E 6.2.2 E Shuffled Revision Generatio 6.5.1 E Inlated Res The Setti Allowed	Clusters and Sub-Trees	149 154 155 160 161 164 166 168 179 182
	 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 Methods 6.1 	5.2.1 T 5.3 Recursion 5.4 Analysis 5.4.1 H 5.4.2 C 5.5 Minimum 5.6 Two Class 5.6.1 H 5.6.2 H 5.7 A Fast M 5.7.1 C 5.7.2 C Method of Am 6.1 Gaussian	 5.2.1 Trees 5.3 Recursion 5.4 Analysis of Algorithms 5.4.1 Proof of Correctness 5.4.2 Order of Growth 5.5 Minimum Spanning Trees 5.6 Two Classic Algorithms 5.6.1 Prim's Algorithm 5.6.2 Kruskal's Algorithm 5.7 A Fast Minimum Spanning Tree 5.7.1 Construction 5.7.2 Our Multifragment MST: The Yggdrasil 6.1 Gaussian Density Contours

CONTENTS

Aj	ppend	ices		232
8	Con	clusion		225
	7.8	Exposi	ure, Positive Θ s and Θ s from Similar Branches $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$	222
		7.7.4	Energy Comparison Table 4	219
		7.7.3	E > 60 EeV	215
		7.7.2	$50 \text{ EeV} < \text{E} \le 60 \text{ EeV}$	214
		7.7.1	$40 \text{ EeV} < E \le 50 \text{ EeV} \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots $	214
	7.7	Tables	with the Galactic Longitude Divisions of $\Delta \mathbf{l_1} - \mathbf{l_2} > 90^\circ$	214
		7.6.4	Energy Comparison Table 3	212
		7.6.3	E > 60 EeV	208
		7.6.2	$50 \text{ EeV} < \text{E} \le 60 \text{ EeV}$	208
		7.6.1	$40 \text{ EeV} < E \le 50 \text{ EeV} \qquad \dots \qquad $	208
	7.6	Galact	ic Longitude Filters, both $[-135:-45]^{\circ}$ and $[45:135]^{\circ}$	208
		7.5.4	Energy Comparison Table 2	204
		7.5.3	E > 60 EeV	200
		7.5.2	$50 \text{ EeV} < \text{E} \le 60 \text{ EeV}$	200
		7.5.1	$40 \text{ EeV} < E \le 50 \text{ EeV} \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots $	200
	7.5	Galact	ic Longitude Filters, both $[-135:135]^\circ$ and $[-45:45]^\circ$	200
		7.4.4	Energy Comparison Table 1	196
		7.4.3	E > 60 EeV	192
		7.4.2	$50 \text{ EeV} < \text{E} \le 60 \text{ EeV}$	192
		7.4.1	$40 \text{ EeV} < \text{E} \le 50 \text{ EeV}$	192
	7.4	Tables	With No Galactic Longitude Divisions	192
	7.3	How E	Effective is the Yggdrasil in Capturing Lines?	188
		7.2.2	Final Energy Comparison Tables	186
		7.2.1	Individual Energy Range Tables	186

iv

CONTENTS

A	Sout	h and North 40 $\text{EeV} < \text{E} \le 50$ EeV :	233
	A.1	Yggdrasil Equatorial (RA,dec) Co-ordinates	233
	A.2	Yggdrasil Galactic (l,b) Co-ordinates.	235
	A.3	b Bands	236
	A.4	Galactic Longitude Quadrants and b Bands	242
	A.5	b Bands where $\Delta \mathbf{l_1} - \mathbf{l_2} > 90^\circ$	248
B	Sout	h and North 50 $\text{EeV} < \text{E} \le 60$ EeV :	251
	B .1	Yggdrasil Equatorial (RA,dec) Co-ordinates	251
	B.2	Yggdrasil Galactic (1,b) Co-ordinates	253
	B.3	b Bands	255
	B.4	Galactic Longitude Quadrants and b Bands	260
	B.5	b Bands where $\Delta \mathbf{l_1} - \mathbf{l_2} > 90^\circ$	266
С	Sout	h and North E > 60 EeV:	269
	C.1	Yggdrasil Equatorial (RA,dec) Co-ordinates	269
	C.2	Yggdrasil Galactic (l,b) Co-ordinates	271
	C.3	b Bands	273
	C.4	Galactic Longitude Quadrants and b Bands	278
	C.5	b Bands where $\Delta (\mathbf{l_1} - \mathbf{l_2}) > 90^\circ$	284
Re	feren	ces	287

v

List of Figures

energy spectrum of CRs	5
Longitudinal EAS development for proton and iron	10
$\langle X_{max} \rangle$ vs Energy	15
refractory nuclides	20
elemental and all-particle energy density flux	23
frquency distribution of $\log N_e$ vs $\log N_{\mu}^{tr}$	24
KASCADE-Grande all particle energy spectrum	25
proton energy loss lengths	31
energy loss lengths for oxygen and iron	32
O and Fe spectra and EGMF	33
Spectrum and $\langle X_{max} \rangle$ eV for mixed nuclei, E = $10^{20.5}$ eV	34
cosmological evolution scenarios with respect to Energy spectrum	35
all particle energy density spectrum	36
exposures of UHECR arrays	38
Pierre Auger Observatory exposure	41
view of Pierre Auger Observatory in 2009	45
SD example	48
FD telescope	49
proton sites at $E > 10^{20} \text{ eV}$	65
proton sites at $E \sim 10^{20}$ eV incorporating geometrical and radiative losses	69
	energy spectrum of CRs

LIST OF FIGURES

3.3	iron sites at $E \sim 10^{20} \; eV$ $\; \ldots \; $	70
3.4	Disk and halo components of GMF	72
3.5	The X-field	77
3.6	GMF as seen in x-y slices	80
3.7	The predicted field strength of the optimized GMF model	81
3.8	The X-field	82
3.9	Predicted 60 EeV proton deflections colour bar	85
3.10	S-PASS, linearly polarized intensity, <i>PI</i> at 2.3 GHz	86
4.1	upper limits on the anisotropy amplitude taken in the first harmonic	92
4.2	Pierre Auger Observatory arrival directions for $E \ge 55 \text{ EeV} \dots \dots \dots \dots$	96
4.3	Arrival directions of iron nuclei from the Virgo cluster	102
4.4	hough transform of CR directions on an arc	104
4.5	Great circle counting bins	105
4.6	magnetic spectrometer geometry	106
4.7	proton and mixed composition flux	107
4.8	MSA $\zeta_{i,j}$ skymap of 69 arrival directions	109
4.9	Predicted Amplitudes for turbulent field dipole profile 1 and profile 2	114
4.10	Predicted dipole Amplitudes versus turbulent galactic field strength	116
5.1	acyclic, non acyclic graph example	121
5.2	a MST example	123
5.3	Cycle and cut properties of MSTs	133
5.4	illustrated proof by contradiction of cycle property	134
5.5	illustrated proof by contradiction of cut property	134
5.6	Prim's MST	137
6.1	Density contours in RA vs dec for all 952 events 20 EeV $< E \le 30$ EeV (current to	
	2/8/2010).	152

LIST OF FIGURES

6.2	Density contours of captured events in RA vs dec for $20 \text{ EeV} < E \le 30 \text{ EeV}$ (current	
	to 2/8/2010)	152
6.3	Sub-trees of RA vs dec in 20 EeV < E \leq 30 EeV (current to 2/8/2010)	153
6.4	Ygg of RA vs dec for events in 20 EeV < E \leq 30 EeV (current to 2/8/2010)	153
6.5	Ygg of galactic l vs galactic b for 20 EeV in < E \leq 30 EeV (current to 2/08/2010)	154
6.6	Skymap of original Pierre Auger Observatory CR directions for 27 events with E	
	> 57 EeV	155
6.7	Test horizontal line in South Ygg (current to 8/11/2012)	157
6.8	Flat skymap of Pierre Auger Observatory branch Θ ROIs. (current to 8/11/2012)	160
6.9	Pierre Auger Observatory data branches of the Ygg in galactic l vs b for events E	
	> 60 EeV (current to 2/8/2010).	162
6.10	2012 extension for $E > 60$ EeV to 2010 data and Figure 6.9	163
6.11	Example of southern galactic shuffle density contour of RA vs dec for 131 events	
	in 30 EeV < E \leq 40 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	168
6.12	Type 1 distribution of sets of shuffled branch Θ 's vs branch Θ numbers for 40 EeV	
	$< E \le 50 \ EeV$ (current to 8/11/2012)	176
6.13	Type 2 distribution of sets of branch event numbers vs branch event number fre-	
	quency for 40 EeV < E \leq 50 EeV (current to 8/11/2012).	177
6.14	Type 3 shuffled distribution of shuffles vs shuffled branch sums for $40 \text{ EeV} < \text{E}$	
	$\leq 50 \text{ EeV}$ (current to 8/11/2012).	178
7.1	Example 1:Good capture of six linear events 10° apart	189
7.2	Example 2:Poor capture of six linear events 10° apart	190
7.3	Lines in North Ygg (current to 8/11/2012).	191
7.4	Lines in South Ygg (current to 8/11/2012).	191
7.5	Flat skymap of Pierre Auger Observatory data, for CR events 12 EeV < E \leq 15	
	EeV (current to 8/11/2012).	222
7.6	Flat skymap of Pierre Auger Observatory selected BBand branches of interest. For	
	$40 \text{ EeV} < E \le 50 \text{ EeV}$ (current to 8/11/2012).	223

7.7	Flat skymap of Pierre Auger Observatory data BBand branches of interest . For	
	50 EeV < E \leq 60 EeV. (current to 8/11/2012).	223
7.8	Flat skymap of Pierre Auger Observatory selected branches of interest. For $E >$	
	60 EeV (current to 8/11/2012).	224
8.1	Flat skymap of Pierre Auger Observatory branch Θ s with a positive result.(current to	
	8/11/2012)	227
A.1	South Yggdrasil of all events in RA vs dec for 40 EeV < $E \le 50$ EeV (current to	
	8/11/2012).	233
A.2	North Yggdrasil of all events in RA vs dec for 40 EeV $< E \le 50$ EeV (current to	
	8/11/2012).	234
A.3	South Yggdrasil of all events in \mathbf{l} vs \mathbf{b} for 40 EeV < E \leq 50 EeV (current to 8/11/2012).	235
A.4	North Yggdrasil of all events in \mathbf{l} vs \mathbf{b} for 40 EeV < E \leq 50 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	.236
A.5	South b Band branches for 40 EeV < E \leq 50 EeV. (current to 8/11/2012)	237
A.6	North b Band branches for 40 EeV < E \leq 50 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	238
A.7	b Band shuffle Θ node vs Θ for 40 EeV < E \leq 50 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	239
A.8	b Band shuffle node frequency vs nodes for 40 EeV $< E \le 50$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012).	240
A.9	b Band shuffle nodes vs shuffles for 40 EeV < E \leq 50 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	241
A.10	b Band shuffle Θ nodes vs Θ where Gal $l \in ([-45:45], [-135:135])^{\circ}$ for 40 EeV	
	$< E \le 50 \text{ EeV}$ (current to 8/11/2012).	242
A.11	b Band shuffle node frequency vs shuffled node number where Gal $l \in ([-45 :$	
	45], $[-135:135])^{\circ}$ for 40 EeV < E \leq 50 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	243
A.12	b Band shuffle nodes vs shuffles where Gal $l \in ([-45:45], [-135:135])^{\circ}$ for 40	
	$EeV < E \le 50 \ EeV$ (current to 8/11/2012).	244
A.13	b Band shuffle Θ nodes vs shuffled Θ where Gal $l \in ([-45:-135], [45:135])^{\circ}$ for	
	$40 \text{ EeV} < E \le 50 \text{ EeV}$ (current to 8/11/2013).	245
A.14	b Band shuffle node frequency vs shuffled node number where Gal $l \in ([-45 :$	
	-135], [45 : 135])° for 40 EeV < E \leq 50 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	246

A.15 bB and shuffle nodes vs shuffles where Gal $l \in ([-45 : -135], [45 : 135])^{\circ}$ for 40	
$EeV < E \le 50 EeV$ (current to 8/11/2012)	17
A.16 b Band shuffle Θ nodes vs Θ where $\Delta \mathbf{l}_1 - \mathbf{l}_2 > 90^\circ$ for 40 EeV < E \leq 50 EeV:	
(current to 8/11/2012)	18
A.17 b Band freq shuffle nodes vs shuffle node number where $\Delta \mathbf{l_1} - \mathbf{l_2} > 90^\circ$ for 40	
$EeV < E \le 50 EeV$ (current to 8/11/2012)	19
A.18 b Band shuffle nodes vs shuffles where $\Delta \mathbf{l_1} - \mathbf{l_2} > 90^\circ$ for 40 EeV < E \leq 50 EeV	
(current to 8/11/2012)	50
B.1 South Yggdrasil of all events in RA vs dec for 50 EeV $< E \le 60$ EeV (current to	
8/11/2012)	51
B.2 North Yggdrasil of all events in RA vs dec for 50 EeV $< E \le 60$ EeV (current to	
8/11/2012)	52
B.3 South Yggdrasil of all events in l vs b for 50 EeV $< E \le 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2013).25	53
B.4 North Yggdrasil of all events in l vs b for 50 EeV $< E \le 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012). 25	54
B.5 South b Band branches for 60 EeV \geq E > 50 EeV (current to 8/11/2012) 25	55
B.6 North b Band branches for 60 EeV \geq E > 50 EeV (current to 8/11/2012) 25	56
B.7 b Band shuffle Θ node vs Θ for 50 EeV < E \leq 60 EeV (current to 8/11/2012) 25	57
B.8 b Band shuffle node frequency vs nodes for 50 EeV $< E \le 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012). 25	58
B.9 b Band shuffle nodes vs shuffles for 50 EeV > $E \le 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012) 25	59
B.10 b Band shuffle Θ nodes vs Θ where Gal $\mathbf{l} \in ([-45:45], [-135:135])^{\circ}$ for 50 EeV	
$< E \le 60 \text{ EeV}$ (current to 8/11/2012)	50
B.11 b Band shuffle node frequency vs shuffled node number where Gal $l \in ([-45 :$	
45], $[-135:135]$)° for 60 EeV \ge E > 50 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	51
B.12 b Band shuffle nodes vs shuffles where Gal $l \in ([-45:45], [-135:135])^{\circ}$ for 50	
$EeV < E \le 60 EeV$ (current to 8/11/2012)	52
B.13 b Band shuffle Θ nodes vs shuffled Θ where Gal $l \in ([-45:-135], [45:135])^{\circ}$ for	
$50 \text{ EeV} < E \le 60 \text{ EeV}$ (current to 8/11/2012)	53

B .14	b Band shuffle node frequency vs shuffled node number where Gal $l \in ([-45 :$	
	45], $[-135:135])^{\circ}$ for 50 EeV < E \leq 60 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	264
B.15	b Band shuffle nodes vs shuffles where Gal $l \in ([-45 : -135], [45 : 135])^{\circ}$ for 50	
	$EeV < E \le 60 \ EeV$ (current to 8/11/2012)	265
B.16	b Band shuffle Θ nodes vs Θ where $\Delta \mathbf{l}_1 - \mathbf{l}_2 > 90^\circ$ for 50 EeV < E \leq 60 EeV	
	(current to 8/11/2012)	266
B.17	b Band freq shuffle nodes vs shuffle node number where $\Delta \mathbf{l_1} - \mathbf{l_2} > 90^\circ$ for 50	
	$EeV < E \le 60 \ EeV$ (current to 8/11/2012)	267
B .18	b Band shuffle nodes vs shuffles where $\Delta \mathbf{l_1} - \mathbf{l_2} > 90^\circ$ for 50 EeV < E \leq 60 EeV	
	(current to 8/11/2012)	268
C .1	South Yggdrasil of all events in RA vs dec for $E > 60 \text{ EeV}$ (current to 8/11/2012).	269
C.2	North Yggdrasil of all events in RA vs dec for $E > 60 \text{ EeV}$ (current to 8/11/2012).	270
C.3	South Yggdrasil of all events in l vs b for $E > 60 \text{ EeV}$ current to 8/11/2012	271
C.4	North Yggdrasil of all events in l vs b for $E > 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	272
C.5	South b Band branches for $E > 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	273
C.6	North b Band branches for $E > 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	274
C.7	b Band shuffle Θ node vs Θ for E > 60 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	275
C.8	b Band shuffle node frequency vs nodes for $E > 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	276
C.9	b Band shuffle nodes vs shuffles for $E > 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	277
C.10	b Band shuffle Θ nodes vs Θ where Gal $l \in ([-135 : 135]), ([-45 : 45])^{\circ}$ for E >	
	60 EeV	278
C.11	b Band shuffle node frequency vs shuffled node number where Gal $l \in ([-45:$	
	45], $[-135:135])^{\circ}$ for $E > 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012).	279
C.12	b Band shuffle nodes vs shuffles where Gal $l \in ([-45:45], [-135:135])^{\circ}$ for E >	
	60 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	280
C.13	b Band shuffle Θ nodes vs shuffled Θ where Gal $l \in ([-45:-135], [45:135])^{\circ}$ for	
	E > 60 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	281

C .14	b Band shuffle node frequency vs shuffled node number where Gal $1 \in ([-45 :$	
	45], $[-135:135])^{\circ}$ for $E > 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	282
C.15	b Band shuffle nodes vs shuffles where Gal $l \in ([-45:-135], [45:135])^{\circ}$ for E >	
	60 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	283
C.16	b Band shuffle Θ nodes vs Θ where $\Delta l_1 - l_2 > 90^\circ$ for $E > 60$ EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	.284
C.17	b Band freq shuffle nodes vs shuffle node number where $\Delta \mathbf{l}_1 - \mathbf{l}_2 > 90^\circ$ for E >	
	60 EeV (current to 8/11/2012)	285
C.18	b Band shuffle nodes vs shuffles where $\Delta l_1 - l_2 > 90^\circ$ for $E > 60$ EeV (current to	
	8/11/2012)	286

List of Tables

2.1	Final fits to all experiments across energy features.	39
3.1	Optimization Table of GMF	83
5.1	Basic Asymptopic Efficiency Classes	131
7.1	Conditions For Extreme Branch Variables	183
7.2	Tags and Their Conditions	187
7.3	$40 \text{ EeV} < \text{E} \le 50 \text{ EeV}$: No Filters	193
7.4	50 EeV $<$ E \leq 60 EeV: No Filters	194
7.5	E > 60 EeV: No Filters	195
7.6	Energy Comparison Table 1. No Filters.	199
7.7	$40 \text{ EeV} < \text{E} \le 50 \text{ EeV}$: Inter-Spiral Arms	201
7.8	50 EeV $<$ E \leq 60 EeV: Inter-Spiral Arms	202
7.9	E > 60 EeV: Inter-Spiral Arms.	203
7.10	Energy Comparison Table 2. Inter-Spiral Arms.	207
7.11	$40 \text{ EeV} < \text{E} \le 50 \text{ EeV}$: Spiral Arms	209
7.12	$50 \text{ EeV} < \text{E} \le 60 \text{ EeV}$: Spiral Arms	210
7.13	E > 60 EeV: Spiral Arms.	211
7.14	Energy Comparison Table 3. Spiral Arms.	213
7.15	$40 \text{ EeV} < E \le 50 \text{ EeV}: \Delta \mathbf{l}_1 - \mathbf{l}_2 > 90^{\circ} \qquad \dots \qquad $	216
7.16	50 EeV < E \leq 60 EeV: $\Delta \mathbf{l}_1 - \mathbf{l}_2 > 90^{\circ}$.	217

LIST OF TABLES

7.17	$E > 60 \text{ EeV: } \Delta \mathbf{l}_1 - \mathbf{l}_2 > 90^{\circ}.$	218
7.18	Energy Comparison Table 4. $\Delta \mathbf{l}_1 - \mathbf{l}_2 > 90^\circ \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$	221
8.1	Cen A~ $[-50.5, 19.4]^{\circ}$ Branches	230
8.2	Positive Result Branches and their Interesting Similar Branches	231